THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
ESTABLISHED IN 1869.
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY.
Office, North Carolinian Building, Main Street,
One door east of Albemarle House.
Terms, $1.00 a Year, in Advance.
If not paid in advance $1.50 will be charged.
RATES OF ADVERTISING:
One square, one insertion, $1.00; two insertions $1.50; one month, $2.00; three months, $4.00; six months, $6.00; one year, $12.00.
For larger advertisements liberal contracts will be made.
Business Notices in local column, ten cents a line. Obituary Notices, five cents a line.

The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor.
Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District.
VOLUME XXVIII. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 21, 1897. NUMBER 48.
TERMS---$1.00 a Year, in Advance.

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT
Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business, and promptly executes Wedding Cards, Visiting Cards, Business Cards, Ball Cards, Fancy Show Cards, Posters, Handbills, Programmes, Billheads, Dodgers, Bills of Fare, Wine Cards, Law Cases and Points, Statements, Pamphlets, Circulars, Books, etc., in the latest and neatest styles and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

THE POOREST FREIGHT.

HOW MANUFACTURING CENTRES AFFECT OUR RAILROADS.

American Railroads Suffered During Free Trade Depression—Congress Can, and Must, Supply the Remedy by Proper Legislation.

It has been truthfully observed that the poorest of all freight is raw produce, or raw material, as free traders term it. Mills and factories make good railway business. "The best freight," says the New York Sun, "is that miscellaneous aggregate that comes from the aggregation of human beings. As times go, human beings are aggregated only at factory centers of one sort or another. The more advanced your type of factory, the higher your type of goods, the better are the wages earned, the higher the standard of living, and the larger the aggregate of miscellaneous traffic whose transportation pays. A factory town, all scientific instrument makers, would pay its railroad more freight money annually per head of population than any other factory town on earth. Yet its freight bill on the materials and the products of its special industry would, perhaps, be the smallest."

For this reason the interests of our railways and our manufacturers are identical. When the mills are open and goods requiring a large percentage of labor are being produced, the railways are prosperous. On the other hand, during these times of depression, due to free trade legislation, the railways, with the factories, have suffered. The Ways and Means Committee of Congress have granted hearings at Washington to those representing our several industries. In reading the published testimony one is struck with the deplorable accounts given of the condition of many branches of manufacture. Low tariff and cheap foreign labor have played havoc with American labor and production. This is undoubtedly true, and the remedy asked for is increased protection—a tariff sufficient to enable the American manufacturer to pay a living wage and compete with his foreign rivals. This the committee has given our manufacturers in the Dingley bill, which will become a law.

The American railroad is in as bad, if not in a worse, plight. If Congress would extend its hearings to railways, the stories of the recent tariff hearings could be repeated with emphasis on as large and as impressive a scale. There would be accounts of loss of earnings, reduction of rates below the paying point, actual loss on passenger traffic, deterioration of roadbed, reduction in the number of employees, others working half time, receiverships, foreclosure sales, practically half of this enormous investment bringing no returns, and the blight of insolvency steadily settling down upon our entire system.

"What is the remedy? The remedy in this case, as in the case of our manufactures, is to stop the causes. First, then, the law which helped to bring about the trouble should be repealed. The section of the Interstate Commerce bill which destroyed the freedom of contract with the common carrier was based on no principle, imbedded in no common law, and antagonized the best experience. That section was an experiment, an experiment of which its author, Judge Reagan, now says:

"Further study has caused me to believe that the section may be amended so as to benefit both the railroads and the people, by allowing the railroads to enter into traffic arrangements with one another."

Bad News.

What We All Want.

We all agree that we ought to have a merchant marine of American construction, owned by Americans, manned by Americans, carrying the foreign commerce of the United States. To do that we must take away that carrying from foreign ships. There is no alternative. Doubtless this will be objectionable to the Governments of those European nations that are anxious to monopolize the world's carrying; but then it is not our need, nor ought it to be our purpose, to consult the wishes or the prejudices of other nations, in helping American industry.

What a Mess!

The Same Old Policy.

There is nothing different in the protective policy, through the operations of the tariff now, than there was a hundred years ago, and if we apply protection to our ships in the foreign trade now, as we did a hundred years ago, we shall return to a system of protection that we have employed with regard to other American products for a hundred years, and with continuously beneficial results.

THE SOUTH FOR PROTECTION.

Analysis of the Growing Needs of a Large Industrial Section.

But why should the South embrace that tariff doctrine to-day? To all intents and purposes that was what Congressmen Bailey, McLaurin and Robertson asked themselves in the Ways and Means on the 18th day of March, when the subject under consideration by the Democratic minority was the Dingley tariff bill, and especially such items in it as the sugar and rice of Louisiana, the wool of Texas, the cotton of Mississippi and other Southern States. All those articles are inevitably put in jeopardy under the old Democratic tenet of a tariff for revenue only, and these articles, and many others in the South, including coal and lumber, are being crowded to the wall by the avarice and selfishness of foreign nations. These gentlemen realize that the contest for agricultural and industrial supremacy is not one between sections of our own country, nor between parties, but a great struggle between the industries of the United States and the world.

Mr. Bailey's constituents are deeply interested in wool, and have been mercilessly exposed by the free wool policy of the Wilson bill. They command their Congressman, as they do Senator Mills, to stand by their interests and let dogmas go to the winds. So, too, we can faintly outline Mr. McMillin seeking to drive Mr. Robertson into the party lair because he desires more protection for the rice and sugar of his constituents, and when the apostle of the unconstitutional "income tax" sought the scalp of Mr. McLaurin, for daring to want a duty on cotton to protect his people against Egyptian competition, it needed only an allusion to "free raw material" as the true Democratic faith to have the fires break forth in all their fury. It must have been a picture for the gods to see these gentlemen rushing to the rescue of the welfare of their constituents through the door of protection, and defying the Democratic wrath of Mr. McMillin.

And the end is not yet. The war is likely to be carried into Africa. It marks the beginning of a general break up in the South on the tariff, and we hopefully anticipate seeing the dawn of that bright day when the Southern man shall break the free trade shackles which now bind him in political servitude, and, by asserting his manhood and intelligence, return to the teachings of so many Southern Whig protectionists who became Democrats only an I solely because of slavery.

Edward Atkinson's Soups.

Mr. Edward Atkinson, the free trade "statistician" also dabbles in domestic science and has given considerable attention to the investigation of foods. His chief object seems to be the finding out of cheap foods for the laboring people, and he spends much time in recommending these cheap foods to the working people. Cheap soups are his especial hobby. This is not at all surprising. If the policy of free trade advocated by Mr. Atkinson were to be fastened upon the country, the working people, and, in time, all the people, perhaps even Mr. Atkinson himself would have to live on cheap food, if he lived at all. In fact, far too many of the people have been forced, since the advent of partial free-trade, to partake of soup cheaper even than Mr. Atkinson's—viz.: free soup. But the working people of the country have no desire for either free soup or for Mr. Atkinson's cheap soups. They prefer the high wages and good living that they get under a protective tariff. Mr. Atkinson's labor need not be lost, however. He can recommend his cheap foods to the down trodden cheap laborers of those countries where free trade exists. They need them. But as for the workmen of this country, they did away with the need for cheap soups when they voted for the high wages of protection and gave free trade its final quietus last November.

"Species of Insurance."

With a good "species of insurance" for American shipping, in the shape of a discriminating duties bill, we should be able to meet all expenditures of the Government and save a little besides to pay off some of Grover's $262,000,000 of debts.

A Sure Sign.

The louder the free trade papers squeal, so much the more certain are we that the Dingley tariff is a good American bill.

What Labor Wants.

Labor cares not a jot for the rate per cent. of a tariff schedule. Labor is only interested in knowing that it is high enough to enable work to be done here. Make it so.

NOVEL USE OF X-RAYS.

Performed the Feat of Washing the Inside of a Man's Stomach.

With a little machine which looks like an egg-beater Dr. Fenton B. Turck has performed the feat of washing the in-side of a man's stomach at the Post Graduate Medical School, Chicago, and by means of the Roentgen ray he at the same time viewed the working of his little device. The operation marks an era of progress in the medical world, as the experiment was the first of its kind made in full view of the operator.

Attached to the end of Dr. Turck's instrument, which is called a gyromele or revolving sound, was a flexible cable of spiral steel wire, on the end of which was a small sponge. The cable was inclosed in a rubber tube, and this, with the sponge, was swallowed by the patient. The latter, who was stripped to the waist, then stepped before the Roentgen light, the doctor put the fluoroscope to his eyes, and an attendant turned the handle of the gyromele. The cable revolved as fast or as slow as was desired, the sponge at the furth-r end proceeded to its work of scouring the inner walls of the patient's stomach, while the doctor through the fluoroscope viewed the work by locating the metallic cable by means of the X-rays. No nausea or discomfort was felt by the patient, though he stood before the rays for over an hour while the doctors were in attendance.

Solid Piece of Slate.

The Keystone Slate Company, of Chapman's quarries, Bethlehem, Penn., has successfully blasted the largest solid piece of slate known to the slate industry. The block, which was moved at least six inches from its original base, measured sixty-seven feet in length, fourteen feet in depth and 13½ feet in width and contained 12,663 cubic feet. It weighed 2,127,364 pounds, or nearly 1064 tons. It will produce 1637 squares of roofing slate and will require one seventy-five-horse power engine six weeks to hoist it from the quarry.

FIGHTING THE FLOODS.

Fears That the Waters May Not Recede Till June.

ARMED MEN ON THE LEVEES

Louisiana Makes a Plucky Fight, and so Far She Has Succeeded in Escaping Without a Crevasse, But in Many Places Grave Fears Are Entertained---Tragedies Caused by the High Water.

NEW ORLEANS, La. (Special).—Louisiana's struggle against the floods is probably unparalleled in any section. The Bayou La Fourche line was given up two weeks ago, but the planters are still holding it. The engineers declare that nothing short of a miracle could hold the Tensas line, but work has never ceased for an instant. This is but a sample of the work going on all along the river in this State.

The city wharves are found too low for the rising river, which is covering many of them. There is no danger here, for barricades can easily be built and managed, but it will result in the old levees being abandoned and new and higher wharves being constructed within the next year.

Word came that Rosenwood, on the Atchafalaya River, was about to go. The planters at once organized and declared that the flood should not conquer, no matter what it cost. The Texas and Pacific road runs alongside of the levee there, and General Manager Thorne communicated with the defenders by telegraph. A leader was elected, forces thoroughly organized, a sawmill in the vicinity set to work, and soon 500 men were engaged in the work of protection.

Four men in a skiff tried to cut the levee at Davis, on the opposite side of the river, eighteen miles above the city, where the great crevasse of 1884 occurred. Armed men pursued them in a boat, but the miscreants escaped. Now twenty-five armed men patrol that levee each night, and tampering with the bank will mean death.

The waters of Mississippi are being hurled Gulfward with tremendous force, and several thousand men are working night and day in the effort to hold the embankments intact. Reports from the overflowed Mississippi Delta are not encouraging. Many planters express the fear that the flood will not recede until June—too late to plant this year's crop. Much suffering still prevails in the Sunflower and Bogue Phalia country, where hundreds of colored people have deserted their cabins and are huddled on the high ground.

At Memphis, Tenn., the river is stationary. The river is falling at Cairo, Ill., but as the rainfall throughout the territory draining into the Mississippi at Memphis and above has been heavy, the local observer predicts that there will probably be a slight rise.

A BULL DROWNED SEVEN.

Kicked in the Side of a Flat Boat Containing Flood Refugees.

HELENA, Ark. (Special).—An accident ten miles west of this city resulted in the drowning of a family of seven colored people. Sylvester Sanders, a tenant on the Joel Higgins farm, where the current has been so swift as to threaten the destruction of the houses, left with his family, wife and five children, for high ground. Unfortunately, he took into his flat boat a large bull which he valued highly.

When near the Callcott place and within a mile of the hills, the bull, which was almost famished, attempted to eat the small limbs of the willow trees through which the boat was being laboriously pushed.

The animal's action tipped the boat and frightened the inmates, who made frantic efforts to right it. In the excitement the animal kicked the side of the boat to pieces and the entire family was drowned.

Federal Reservation Flooded.

KANSAS CITY, Mo. (Special).—Families at Harlem, Armourdale and on Lowis Island, near the mouth of the Kansas River, have moved out. A warning has been sent to the big packing houses along the banks to protect their property. A large part of the Fort Leavenworth reservation on the Missouri side is under water, and the Federal prison farm on the Kansas side is covered with lakes.

Enormous Losses in Nebraska.

OMAHA, Neb. (Special).—From all along the river north and south of Omaha come reports of flooded bottoms and of squatters fleeing in the night from the angry waters. The property damage is enormous. The damage is to the houses of the people in east Omaha. Most of them are completely submerged.

MANIAC FIREBUG MURDERS THREE.

Family in Rhode Island Killed While Asleep.

Murder and arson are indicated in a tragedy by which a family of three persons lost their lives in the little farming village of Oakland, R. I. The bodies of Edward Reynolds, fifty years old, and his daughter, Serville, twenty years old, were found in the ruins of the Reynolds home, and Martha Mowry, a farmhand employed by Reynolds, is under arrest on suspicion. The mutilated body of Mrs. Reynolds was taken from a blood-stained bed, where neighbors found it while the house was burning.

When the neighbors who had been aroused by the fire went to the Reynolds house they found that the flames were confined to one part of the house. This had been saturated with kerosene, and the flames spread rapidly. The neighbors attempted to reach that part of the house where the Reynolds family slept, but were driven back by the flames, and had time only to take Mrs. Reynolds's body out of doors. The appearance of Mrs. Reynolds's body indicated murder. The head had been crushed in by an ax and the upper part of the body was mutilated.

Martin Mowry, who worked for Reynolds, slept in another part of the house, and the villagers had gone to his room to alarm him. The room was empty. Mowry was found in a neighbor's barn chatting and laughing like a maniac. He was at once arrested.

From the position of the bodies it is believed that Reynolds was called to his daughter's room by some unusual sound, and that when he reached the side of her bed he received his death blow. At that time Miss Reynolds probably was killed; how the autopsy will disclose.

The murderer then went to Mrs. Reynolds's room, and, after stabbing her twice in the face, battered her head in. When Mowry left the house he went at first to the woods, where he shot himself in the head. The bullet only stunned him, however. Mowry is sixty-five years old.

ANGELL GOES TO TURKEY.

McKinley Names Michigan University's President for This Mission.

The President sent the following nomination to the Senate:

James B. Angell, of Michigan, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to Turkey.

President Angell is a native of Rhode Island, in which State he was born in 1829, but he has resided in Michigan for the past twenty years or more, and is now at the head of the University of Michigan. In 1880 Mr. Angell was appointed Minister to China, serving until 1881.

Cycling Notes.

St. Louis taxes bicycles.

Mrs. Langtry is the possessor of a solid silver bicycle.

Riding a high-grade bicycle is no guarantee as to the rider.

Prince George of Greece is an expert bicyclist and it is said rides a bicycle almost as well as he handles a man-of-war.

A practical cyclist maintains that a high-grade machine will last for five years without giving any trouble, if properly taken care of.

"If you are feeling depressed take an hour's spin on your wheel," says a cycling physician. "You will not return home in the same condition."

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED

Washington Items.

Special advices received in Washington state that Spain hopes to end the rebellion in Cuba by a general amnesty decree similar to one which has been signally effective in the Philippine Islands. Notice has been given to Spain of the Cuban policy which the Administration will pursue.

Representative Shannon, of New York, introduced in the House a bill to amend the Anti-Trust law so that it will not prevent railroad traffic agreements. Mr. Shannon's bill is much less complex than Senator Foraker's.

In the House, Mr. Armond, of Missouri, appeared as leader of the Democrats and Populists who are opposed to the policy of Mr. Bailey.

The Spanish Minister has received a telegram from the commander of the Spanish forces at Manila announcing the end of the rebellion in the Philippines. Under a promise of amnesty 22,000 men have laid down their arms and have been pardoned.

The Japanese Minister in Washington received advices from home contradicting the recent reports concerning the unfriendly attitude of his country toward Hawaii.

The Senate, in executive session, confirmed, among others, the following nominations: A. E. Buck, of Georgia, to be Minister to Japan, and James Boyle, of Ohio, to be Consul at Liverpool.

An agreement has been reached among the leaders of the various parties in the Senate under which the appropriation bills which failed to become laws at the last session of Congress will be taken up and passed.

The President has decided to recommend to Congress an appropriation as indemnity for the killing by a mob of lynchers of three Italian citizen—Lorenzo Saladin, Doalno Sorcoro and Angelo Marcuso—at Hahnville, La., a suburb of New Orleans, on August 8 last. All were accused of murder.

Domestic.

C. W. Spalding, President of the defunct Globe Savings Bank in Chicago, confessed that he hypothecated the bonds of the Illinois University. He was ruined by his pretty typewriter.

Charles W. Dayton has resigned the office of Postmaster of New York City.

Health Board statistics submitted to Mayor Strong show that New York City is in an excellent condition, the death rate being lower than it has been for years.

John Steel and James Charles, of Allegheny City, Penn., were asphyxiated in the pressure house of the Alleghany Heating Company. Escaping gas caused their death.

The Long Mead Iron Company and the Consholocken Tube Company, of Consholocken, Penn., have gone into the hands of receivers. The liabilities will amount to about $300,000. The assets will not be over $150,000.

The nomination by Representative Shattuc, of Ohio, of D. J. Bundy, a colored boy of Cincinnati, to a cadetship at Annapolis, has aroused some protests. Mr. Shattuc declares he will stand by his nominee.

Several thousand razor-back hogs imported into Iowa from Texas during the past year, have died from what was supposed to be hog cholera. A post mortem examination of some of them discloses that instead of cholera a worm killed the hogs. It is claimed that the disease is incurable, but it is not positively known that it is contagious.

Five or six weeks ago a mad dog ran through the neighborhood about Gordon, Ga. The dog bit three children, and they have died within a few days of hydrophobia. They are Joseph Woodworth, the seven-year-old son of a man who lives at Ivey; a ten-year-old boy named Jack Geoden, of Stevens's Pottery, and a ten-year-old daughter of Widow Sarah Evanson of the same place. All three were bitten on the same day.

The State Senate at Albany, 32 to 10, repassed the Greater New York charter over Mayor Strong's veto.

Mr. Laimbeer's bill for establishing a reformatory or farm colony in New York for vagrants and drunkards was defeated in the Assembly at Albany.

The United States battleship Oregon grounded in Puget Sound while trying to enter her dock. It is not believed that she is seriously injured.

Joseph Adams, convicted of forgery and sentenced to Sing Sing, N. Y., confesses that he swindled the Columbia Bank, of New York City, of $580 by a worthless check. Alonzo J. Whiteman was recently tried and acquitted of this crime by proving an alibi.

James Evers, of Brooklyn, sixteen years old, who was run over Monday by a bicycle ridden by James Shoud, died Tuesday. Shoud is under $3000 bail.

Lottie Frances Bates, aged seventeen, shot herself through the heart at her home, at Lovell's Corners, Mass. All the evidence indicated suicide. She was the eldest daughter of Henry I. Bates, who is now serving time at Plymouth for an assault.

On the morning of March 28 Portsmouth, Va., was swept by four fires, destroying $150,000 worth of property, including the Catholic church. On the trial of Frank Linn and Edward Delman for burglary Linn's wife testified that in January Delman, Linn and Ellis Jobson met at her house, planned several robberies and concocted a conspiracy to burn a large part of the city to cover their deeds.

Deputy State Game Protector William Harris was at Cayuga Lake, N. Y., engaged in taking a net out of the water, when he was shot at from the shore. Seven shots in all were fired at him by parties concealed in the bushes near Pickerel Cove. Harris returned the fire with his revolver and then made his escape without injury.

The House of Refuge on Randall's Island, New York City, has been condemned by the Board of Health as unfit for the reception of inmates.

Governor Bloxham issued a call for a National Fisheries Congress, to assemble in Tampa, Fla., on January 19, 1898. The National Fishery Commission will take a prominent part in the proceedings. The Governors of the various States and the Fishery Commissioners are requested to appoint delegates.

Thomas Dinnen, of Maquato, Iowa, was robbed by highwaymen on the Douglas street bridge across the Missouri at Omaha, Neb. He was thrown over the railing. He was found on the edge of the river bank, and died a few hours later without regaining consciousness. The body fell a venty feet. He was a well-known man in Iowa.

Admiral Jorz Montt, former President of the Republic of Chile, paid a visit to West Point Military Academy. He was met at the depot by Colonel S. M. Mills, Commandant of Cadets, and Adjutant Wilder. At 5.30 a review of the corps of cadets was given in his honor, after which he returned to New York, apparently delighted with his visit.

A shooting affray occurred at Jordan, Ky., in which Edward Frazier was killed and his brother John badly wounded by Dr. White. The trouble grew out of an insulting note, written to a Miss Faunt, housekeeper for Dr. White, who has an invalid wife.

Foreign Notes.

Gomez, the Cuban insurgent leader, refused to admit to his camp envoys sent by Captain-General Weyler to offer terms of peace.

A terrible dynamite explosion has taken place in a deep mine at Llanglarte, in the Transvaal. Eight English and twenty-six native miners were killed.

Ten persons were killed by an explosion of firedamp in the Oberhausen pit at Essen-on-Ruhr, Germany.

Trustworthy reports confirm the statements that the Greek irregulars have captured Baltino, in Macedonia. The Turks lost forty men killed.

Premier Delyanni's asked the Grecian Boule for a war credit of 23,000,000 drachmae. He hoped, he said, that peace would continue, but Greece must be prepared for war, if it came.

The prestige of the concert of the European Powers is said to be declining.

Reports of insurgent defeats in Cuba continue to be made. Smallpox has broken out in the island, and has claimed 150 victims in one town.

The English press opposes vigorously the reopening of the Bering Sea seal question, and it is doubtful if Great Britain will agree to it.

Henry White, American Charge d'Affaires in London, has requested the British Foreign Office to take measures for stopping indiscriminate slaughter of the seals.

MONETARY COMMISSION.

Representatives Sent to Europe to Work for Bimetallism.

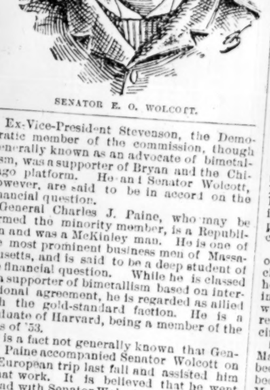
APPOINTED BY THE PRESIDENT.

United States Senator Wolcott, of Colorado; ex-Vice-President Stevenson, of Illinois and Charles J. Paine, of Massachusetts, Chosen---Paine Went to Europe With Wolcott on His First Mission.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The President announced the appointment of Senator Edward O. Wolcott, of Colorado; Charles J. Paine, of Boston, and ex-Vice-President Adlai E. Stevenson as Commissioners to an International Monetary Conference. These appointments are made under the act, approved March 3 last, "for the promotion of an international agreement for bimetallism," and by its provisions do not require confirmation by the Senate.

FORMER VICE-PRESIDENT A. E. STEVENSON.

It has been generally conceded that Senator Wolcott would be made a member of the commission. He has been an active leader in the movement for a monetary agreement and widely known as an advocate of the Silver cause. His trip to Europe last summer was generally conceded to be at least semi-official as the representative of the new Administration. His tour extended over several months and embraced the leading European capitals. He had audiences with the most prominent financiers and Ministers, and it is believed then laid the foundations for an International conference which the Committee just appointed will endeavor to bring to a conclusion. Senator Wolcott is now serving his second term in the Senate, having been elected to that body in 1885. While a pronounced bimetallist, he was a supporter of the St. Louis ticket.



SENATOR E. O. WOLCOTT.

Ex-Vice-President Stevenson, the Democratic member of the commission, though generally known as an advocate of bimetallism, was a supporter of Bryan and the Chicago platform. He and Senator Wolcott, the Philippine Islands. Notice has been given to Spain of the Cuban policy which the Administration will pursue.

Representative Shannon, of New York, introduced in the House a bill to amend the Anti-Trust law so that it will not prevent railroad traffic agreements. Mr. Shannon's bill is much less complex than Senator Foraker's.

In the House, Mr. Armond, of Missouri, appeared as leader of the Democrats and Populists who are opposed to the policy of Mr. Bailey.

The Spanish Minister has received a telegram from the commander of the Spanish forces at Manila announcing the end of the rebellion in the Philippines. Under a promise of amnesty 22,000 men have laid down their arms and have been pardoned.

The Japanese Minister in Washington received advices from home contradicting the recent reports concerning the unfriendly attitude of his country toward Hawaii.

The Senate, in executive session, confirmed, among others, the following nominations: A. E. Buck, of Georgia, to be Minister to Japan, and James Boyle, of Ohio, to be Consul at Liverpool.

An agreement has been reached among the leaders of the various parties in the Senate under which the appropriation bills which failed to become laws at the last session of Congress will be taken up and passed.

The President has decided to recommend to Congress an appropriation as indemnity for the killing by a mob of lynchers of three Italian citizen—Lorenzo Saladin, Doalno Sorcoro and Angelo Marcuso—at Hahnville, La., a suburb of New Orleans, on August 8 last. All were accused of murder.

Domestic.

C. W. Spalding, President of the defunct Globe Savings Bank in Chicago, confessed that he hypothecated the bonds of the Illinois University. He was ruined by his pretty typewriter.

Charles W. Dayton has resigned the office of Postmaster of New York City.

Health Board statistics submitted to Mayor Strong show that New York City is in an excellent condition, the death rate being lower than it has been for years.

John Steel and James Charles, of Alleghany City, Penn., were asphyxiated in the pressure house of the Alleghany Heating Company. Escaping gas caused their death.

The Long Mead Iron Company and the Consholocken Tube Company, of Consholocken, Penn., have gone into the hands of receivers. The liabilities will amount to about $300,000. The assets will not be over $150,000.

The nomination by Representative Shattuc, of Ohio, of D. J. Bundy, a colored boy of Cincinnati, to a cadetship at Annapolis, has aroused some protests. Mr. Shattuc declares he will stand by his nominee.

Several thousand razor-back hogs imported into Iowa from Texas during the past year, have died from what was supposed to be hog cholera. A post mortem examination of some of them discloses that instead of cholera a worm killed the hogs. It is claimed that the disease is incurable, but it is not positively known that it is contagious.

Five or six weeks ago a mad dog ran through the neighborhood about Gordon, Ga. The dog bit three children, and they have died within a few days of hydrophobia. They are Joseph Woodworth, the seven-year-old son of a man who lives at Ivey; a ten-year-old boy named Jack Geoden, of Stevens's Pottery, and a ten-year-old daughter of Widow Sarah Evanson of the same place. All three were bitten on the same day.

The State Senate at Albany, 32 to 10, repassed the Greater New York charter over Mayor Strong's veto.

Mr. Laimbeer's bill for establishing a reformatory or farm colony in New York for vagrants and drunkards was defeated in the Assembly at Albany.

The United States battleship Oregon grounded in Puget Sound while trying to enter her dock. It is not believed that she is seriously injured.

Joseph Adams, convicted of forgery and sentenced to Sing Sing, N. Y., confesses that he swindled the Columbia Bank, of New York City, of $580 by a worthless check. Alonzo J. Whiteman was recently tried and acquitted of this crime by proving an alibi.

James Evers, of Brooklyn, sixteen years old, who was run over Monday by a bicycle ridden by James Shoud, died Tuesday. Shoud is under $3000 bail.

Lottie Frances Bates, aged seventeen, shot herself through the heart at her home, at Lovell's Corners, Mass. All the evidence indicated suicide. She was the eldest daughter of Henry I. Bates, who is now serving time at Plymouth for an assault.

On the morning of March 28 Portsmouth, Va., was swept by four fires, destroying $150,000 worth of property, including the Catholic church. On the trial of Frank Linn and Edward Delman for burglary Linn's wife testified that in January Delman, Linn and Ellis Jobson met at her house, planned several robberies and concocted a conspiracy to burn a large part of the city to cover their deeds.

Deputy State Game Protector William Harris was at Cayuga Lake, N. Y., engaged in taking a net out of the water, when he was shot at from the shore. Seven shots in all were fired at him by parties concealed in the bushes near Pickerel Cove. Harris returned the fire with his revolver and then made his escape without injury.

The House of Refuge on Randall's Island, New York City, has been condemned by the Board of Health as unfit for the reception of inmates.

Governor Bloxham issued a call for a National Fisheries Congress, to assemble in Tampa, Fla., on January 19, 1898. The National Fishery Commission will take a prominent part in the proceedings. The Governors of the various States and the Fishery Commissioners are requested to appoint delegates.

Thomas Dinnen, of Maquato, Iowa, was robbed by highwaymen on the Douglas street bridge across the Missouri at Omaha, Neb. He was thrown over the railing. He was found on the edge of the river bank, and died a few hours later without regaining consciousness. The body fell a venty feet. He was a well-known man in Iowa.

Admiral Jorz Montt, former President of the Republic of Chile, paid a visit to West Point Military Academy. He was met at the depot by Colonel S. M. Mills, Commandant of Cadets, and Adjutant Wilder. At 5.30 a review of the corps of cadets was given in his honor, after which he returned to New York, apparently delighted with his visit.

A shooting affray occurred at Jordan, Ky., in which Edward Frazier was killed and his brother John badly wounded by Dr. White. The trouble grew out of an insulting note, written to a Miss Faunt, housekeeper for Dr. White, who has an invalid wife.

Foreign Notes.

Gomez, the Cuban insurgent leader, refused to admit to his camp envoys sent by Captain-General Weyler to offer terms of peace.

A terrible dynamite explosion has taken place in a deep mine at Llanglarte, in the Transvaal. Eight English and twenty-six native miners were killed.

Ten persons were killed by an explosion of firedamp in the Oberhausen pit at Essen-on-Ruhr, Germany.

Trustworthy reports confirm the statements that the Greek irregulars have captured Baltino, in Macedonia. The Turks lost forty men killed.

Premier Delyanni's asked the Grecian Boule for a war credit of 23,000,000 drachmae. He hoped, he said, that peace would continue, but Greece must be prepared for war, if it came.

The prestige of the concert of the European Powers is said to be declining.

Reports of insurgent defeats in Cuba continue to be made. Smallpox has broken out in the island, and has claimed 150 victims in one town.

The English press opposes vigorously the reopening of the Bering Sea seal question, and it is doubtful if Great Britain will agree to it.

Henry White, American Charge d'Affaires in London, has requested the British Foreign Office to take measures for stopping indiscriminate slaughter of the seals.

CHARTER ELECTIONS IN NEW JERSEY.

The Democrats Make Gains in Several Cities.

Charter elections were held in all the cities of New Jersey on Tuesday. Although considerable interest was manifested, the vote generally was light, but there was little scratching.

In Jersey City, Edward Hoos, Democrat, was elected Mayor over J. Herbert Potts, Republican, by a majority of at least 2000. The Democrats also carried eight out of the twelve wards for Aldermen, and elected their candidates for members of the Street and Water Board.

In Hoboken Mayor Fagan, Democrat, was re-elected by a large majority, and the Council will be, like the present one, strongly Democratic.

Paterson, the home of Vice-President Hobart, went Democratic. John Hinchliffe, Democrat, was elected Mayor.

In Newark there was a close contest for members of the Board of Street and Water Commissioners, Aldermen and the Board of Education. Van Duyne and Burkhardt, Republicans, for Street and Water Commissioners, won, while the Democrats elected enough Aldermen to give them control of the Council.

Trenton, Camden and Rahway went Republican, and Bayonne and Orange went Democratic.

TWO DIE ON THE GALLOWS.

Murderer Mackin and Genz Executed in Jersey City, N. J.

For the first time in the history of Jersey City, N. J., a double hanging occurred Tuesday in the Hudson County Jail.

Paul Genz, who killed his mistress, Clara Arnim, and John Mackin, the murderer of his young wife and her mother, expiated their crimes on the gallows.

Mackin was the first to be executed. At 10.05 the drop fell and at 10.36 he was pronounced dead.

Genz was then led to the scaffold, and at 11.02 he was jerked into eternity. He was pronounced dead at 11.24.

Miners Near Starvation.

The closing down of the mines in Plymouth, Penn., has caused much destitution among the miners and their families. Mayor Nichols, of Wilkesbarre, visited the garbage dumps opposite Plymouth, and was surprised to find scores of persons picking through the garbage and rubbish and eagerly seizing scraps of victuals, decaying vegetables, etc., in order to keep them from starving.

A Centenarian Dead.

Abram L. Sanford, the oldest resident of Syracuse, N. Y., is dead. He was 100 years 11 months and 8 days old. His son, H. H. Sanford, is a retired professor of Syracuse University.

WILL REPRESENT MRS. M'KINLEY.

Important Social Duties at the White House Devolve on Mrs. Saxton.

Mrs. Maria Saxton, on whom, it is believed, will devolve the chief social duties of the White House in the McKinley regime, is the aunt of the President's wife. Mrs. McKinley, owing to her delicate health, will not be able to attend to all of the obligations that fall to the lot of the mistress of the Executive Mansion. Mrs. Saxton will reside with the McKinleys at the White House and will in

MRS. MARIA SAXTON.

(An aunt of the President's wife who will look after details of the household.)

all probability not only take the head of the line in state affairs, but will also find it necessary to look after the details of the household—a task which Mrs. McKinley will hardly be able to perform. Mrs. Saxton is an accomplished woman, used to the ways of society, and may be confidently relied upon by her niece to play the part of hostess with all the correctness the eminent position demands.

E. S. DEAN COMPANY A FRAUD.

A Mysterious New York Concern is Now in Trouble.

The offices in New York City of the E. S. Dean Company, dealers in stocks, bonds, grain and provisions, are in charge of deputy sheriffs on an attachment. The concern has done an enormous business for some time past, the customers being almost entirely outside of New York. It has made a specialty of "discretionary orders," that is, the customers sent in their money for the company to play in the market as it saw fit for their account. The company's mail is said to have been tremendous, letters containing from $10,000 to $20,000 being received each day. A large number of girls were constantly employed sending circulars through the mail, pointing out the large profit that could be made through this manner of dealing.

Months ago a fraud order was issued against Dean & Co. The concern advertised extensively in the newspapers, in which the claim was made that they possessed inside information on the proposed movement of stocks and inviting investors and speculators to forward money for investment in pools that were being formed to take advantage of the rise or fall in the price of shares.

The offices of E. S. Dean & Co. have been besieged ever since the company's exposure by anxious investors. Some of them came from New Jersey and far up New York State, hoping to get back some of their money. The deputy sheriff in charge of the office gave them no encouragement. It is said that 25,000 investors all over the United States have lost $5,0.0,000.

FOUR LIVES AND $1,200,000 LOST.

Fire Destroys the Handsomest Business Block in Knoxville, Tenn.

Fire destroyed the handsome business block between Union and Reservoir streets, on Gay street, Knoxville, Tenn., causing a loss of $1,200,000.

The register of the Hotel Knox, in which fifty-six people were sleeping, was burned. A. E. Weeks, of Locke, N. Y., agent for a Rochester stamping company, is known to have perished. R. W. Hopkins, a St. Louis commercial traveler, was last seen in the burning building. Edward Robinson, of Pulaski, Tenn., is also missing. Several persons were injured in jumping from the hotel.

The fire was discovered at 4 o'clock a. m. in the wholesale grocery store of the McNulty Grocery Company, adjoining the Hotel Knox. A general alarm was turned in, but the efforts of all the local fire companies, aided by several from Chattanooga, could not save the block.

It became necessary to have the walls of one building blown down by cannon to check the spread of the fire. A mountain howitzer of the Knoxville Legion was called into play and a load of canister did the work, at the same time tearing up some residences in a different portion of the city.

S. E. Williams, a capitalist, of Springfield, Mass., a guest at the Hotel Knox, has not been seen since the fire. His relatives have been notified of his probable death. J. C. M. Bogle, of Memphis, was badly burned.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN INJURED.

Fell With 400 Persons and Was Picked Up Unconscious.

William J. Bryan addressed a crowd of nearly three thousand persons from the plazza of the Hotel San Marco, at St. Augustine, Fla.

At the close of his speech citizens flocked about him in a great mass, and so terrible was the strain that a section of the plazza, forty feet square, fell in, throwing four hundred persons to the ground, fully twenty feet below.

Mr. Bryan was picked up unconscious and carried to a nearby office, where medical aid was given. Aside from a badly cut face and some bruises he is not seriously hurt. A score or more persons received cuts, bruises or sprains, but no one was seriously hurt.

Vetoed by Mayor Strong.

Mayor Strong, of New York City, made public his message to the Legislature refusing to approve the Greater New York bill and asking to have the charter amended. He declared himself in favor of a single Police Commissioner, with a separate Board of Elections, and the right of the Mayor to remove heads of departments at will during his whole term of office. With his message he sent amendments which had been drawn up to meet his views, and he declared that if those amendments were adopted he would sign the amended bill.

A College's $343,000 Missing.

Endowment bonds to the value of $400,000 belonging to the University of Illinois are missing. They were intrusted to C. W. Spalding, President of the Globe Savings Bank, of Chicago, which closed a few days ago. Mr. Spalding was Treasurer of the university, and held over $343,000 in cash and $400,000 in endowment bonds. President F. M. McKay, of the Board of Trustees, admitted that the Board is absolutely in the dark so far as the $44,000 endowment bonds are concerned. Of this amount $20,000 worth of bonds are said to be negotiable, while the remainder are stamped in such a manner as to make it next to

WARNING.

We wish to caution all users of Simmons Liver Regulator on a subject of the deepest interest and importance to their health—perhaps their lives. The sole proprietors and makers of Simmons Liver Regulator learn that customers are often deceived by buying and taking some medicine of a similar appearance or taste, believing it to be Simmons Liver Regulator. We warn you that unless the word Regulator is on the package or bottle, that it is not Simmons Liver Regulator. No one else makes, or ever has made Simmons Liver Regulator, or anything called Simmons Liver Regulator, but J. H. Zeilin & Co., and no medicine made by anyone else is the same. We alone can put it up, and we cannot be responsible, if other medicines represented as the same do not help you as you are led to expect they will. Bear this fact well in mind, if you have been in the habit of using a medicine which you supposed to be Simmons Liver Regulator, because the name was somewhat like it, and the package did not have the word Regulator on it, you have been imposed upon and have not been taking Simmons Liver Regulator at all. The Regulator has been favorably known for many years, and all who use it know how necessary it is for Fever and Ague Bilious Fever, Constipation, Headache, Dyspepsia, and all disorders arising from a Diseased Liver.

We ask you to look for yourselves, and see that Simmons Liver Regulator, which you can readily distinguish by the Red Z on wrapper, and by our name, is the only medicine called Simmons Liver Regulator.

J. H. ZEILIN & CO.

Take
Simmons Liver Regulator.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect Feb. 22, 1896.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays), leave Elizabeth City, at 11:40, A. M., and at 6:40 P. M., Northbound, daily, except Sundays leave Elizabeth City at 2:45 P. M., and 10:00 P. M. The trains arrive at and depart from Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk; connect at Norfolk with all Rail and Steamer lines, and at Edenton with Steamer for Roanoke, Cashiee Chowan and Scuppernong rivers; transfer steamers to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Southern R. R. to Pantego and Belhaven connecting with steamer Virginia Dare for Makeleyville, Aurora, Washington and all intermediate landings.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH AND OLD DOMINION LINE.

The steamer Neuse leaves Elizabeth City Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:20 P. M., for Newbern, connecting with the N. & S. R. R. for Goldsboro, Kinston and Morehead City, and with the W. N. & N. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, N. C., etc., returning, leave Newbern Monday, Wednesday and Friday, touching at Ocracoke going and returning.

The Steamer Newbern leaves Elizabeth City at 3 p. m. daily, except Thursday and Sunday for Roanoke Island.

Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Ocracoke, Newberne, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morehead City and Wilmington.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern Railroad; Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President Street Station; Philadelphia, Pennsylvania R. R., Dock Street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North River, and Old Dominion Line.

For further information apply to M. H Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R. Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Man'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft & Pass'r Agt.

GEORGE W. BELL,
Gun-Smith,

At the Old Stand on Road Street,
ELIZ. CITY, NORTH CAROLINA

FRED DAVIS
DEALER IN

COAL.

Coal of all sizes and of best quality constantly on hand. All orders promptly are filled

☞All coal is screened before leaving the yard. Lowest prices guaranteed.

F. H. ZIEGLER & BRO.,
Successors to John H Ziegler,
Dealers in all Kinds of
Undertakers' Supplies,

From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

CRAPES AND COOLING BOARDS,

when desired. The finest Hearse in the section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty At the old stand on Ehringhaus Street.

☞All kinds of Cabinet Work done.

T. P. WHITE,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER-2nd door North of Poindexter Street Bridge.

☞Patching and mending RubberBoots a specialty.

GROVES

TASTELESS CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS.
WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 16, 1893.
Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.
Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 600 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years, in the drug business, have never sold an article that gave such universal satisfaction as your Tonic. Yours truly,
ASHBY, GARR & Co.

For sale and guaranteed by all drug stores.

Ripans Tabules cure dizziness.
Ripans Tabules cure dyspepsia.

The North Carolinian

Published Every Wednesday

THE OFFICIAL ORGAN OF BOTH THE CITY AND THE COUNTY.

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

IT TAKES TIME.

A prominent dry goods dealer recently interviewed, said: "No; until the mills all over the country are running will the really good business begin. * * * Only when the working people have money to buy things with does prosperity come." This only repeats what we have said before, that prosperity cannot spring up in a night like Jonah's gourd, just because McKinley is elected or even inaugurated. The working people of this country must have work and the pay for that work before business can really revive. The first step towards prosperity, as President McKinley has said, is open mills, which will give work to the people. Mills will open only open when a Tariff law is passed which will Protect those mills and enable them to produce at a profit. Some revival in business there has been because of the expectation of such Protection, but real prosperity will not come until such Protection is an actuality. That it will come then we need not doubt

NO INCREASE OVER BRYAN'S VOTE,

The Democrats are making all that can be made out of the victories in Cincinnati and Chicago. As they rarely meddle with facts they can make much out of the results of the election in the two cities. Those who consider all facts presented and the circumstances will arrive at a different conclusion. In the first place, with all the di-play of large type none of the victorious papers compares the votes of the Democratic candidates for mayor with those of Mr. Bryan for President. If they did they would show that the vote of Mr. Bryan last November, when he was buried in both cities under immense majorities, was as large in Chicago as that of Mr. Harrison, while in Cincinnati the Bryan vote was a trifle larger than that of the Democratic Citizens' candidate who was elected on Monday. Therefore, if only the men who voted for Bryan in November had voted at these municipal electio s, their pluralities would have been the same as they are. There has been no increase of the straight Democratic vote in either city.

EX-PRESIDENT HARRISON'S SUCCESS AS AN AUTHOR.

Ex-President Harrison's will conclude his series of papers on life in the White House in the May "Ladies' Home Journal," and take a respite from his literary labors which have so profitably and congenially occupied him for more than a year. General Harrison is the first President to show the public through the White House, "upstairs, downstairs," etc., and to detail the President's daily routine, and the social and domestic phases of life in the Executive Mansion. He is also the first Chief Magistrate to crystalize his knowledge and the experience gained as Chief Executive in a series of lucid, instructive and interesting magazine articles on the functions of our government, such as were "This Country o. Ours" papers.

PEANUT OIL.

Persons informed that a large Peanut Oil Factory has been erected at Norfolk, Va., are apt to ask what the oil is used for. It seems that it is already sold as a table oil, a base for soaps, and as a lubricant for confectioners, makers of plug tobacco and machinists. Peanut meal will be refined for invalids, and the coarser material pressed into cakes for cattle. The humble peanut may yet become a restorer to the wealth of the unproductive fields of Virginia and other parts of the South

Senator Morgan proposes a new test for the immigrant—a knowledge and understanding of the ten commandments. If he will add a provision that the immigrant shall have kept all these from his youth up, he will probably be able to put an effective check on the incoming tide for several cetnries to come.

Sixty thousand of Chicago's voters refused to cast a ballot in the recent Mayoralty election. They were most intelligent and upright citizens, who remained at home deploring "the debasement of municipal politics."

Since 1887 Uncle Sam has built twelve war-ships, and each has been faster than the contract required. The swiftest of all is the Minneapolis, which called for 21 knots and made over 23 on her trial trip.

In Michigan, where there was a State election, the Republican plurality is over 40,000, which is one of the largest the party has had in a State election years.

Ripans Tabules cure nausea.
Ripans Tabules cure constipation.

KEEPING FAITH AS TO SILVER

The CAROLINIAN fully agrees with the *Mail and Express* that President McKinley, by his appointment of Commissioners to an International Monetary Conference, has given another striking assurance of Republican good faith in dealing with the silver question. The pledge of the St. Louis platform to promote an international agreement in the interest of bimetallism and the cordial sympathy of the Republican party for every practical movement in that direction are forcibly demonstrated by the President's prompt and statesman-like action in the present instance.

These Commissioners are appointed in accordance with the act of March 3, "for the promotion of an international agreement for bimettallism." They are empowered to approach other governments with overtures for an international conference to consider the general question of monetary standards. Their work will be tentative in character, and while it cannot commit this government to any specific line of action, it will be an assurance to other countries of our readiness to co-operate in any undertaking looking to the larger use of silver in money measures.

In selecting these commissioners President McKinley has been conspiciously liberal to the leaders of the free silver movement in this country.

nator Wolcott, who has been named as one member of the commission, is a zealous and powerful advocate of bimetalism upon the basis of international agreet. He represents the conservative sentiment of the silver cause, while ex-Nice-President Stevenson, one of his colleaguee, stands for the radical impulses of the movement, and would favor free coinage in this country without waiting for co-operation of other governments. The gentlemen, together with Gen. Paine, of Massachusetts, who has been chosen as the third member, constitute a commission which is thoroughly representative. It possesses ability, character and dignity of the highest order, and its composition is eminently fair and free of partisan color

A PERVERSION OF LAW.

The narrow partisan action of Mr. Cleveland in filling thousands of Government positions then outside of the Civil Service Commission, with Democrats just before his retirement from office, and then putting them under the protection of the civil service rules is an illustration of the fact that in reform movements, as elsewhere, a false friend is worse than an open enemy. The Senate is just about angry enough to overturn the whole system, and the House has been the scene of several outbursts against the laws so violently twisted by the stuffed reformer to partisan ends.

It is an interesting fact that Senator Vest is the only member of the late Confederate Congress in the public service at Washington, and more interesting still, that he is the father of the first bill passed through the Senate at this session providing for a pension for a Union veteran.

President McKinley paid his own way during his little cruise on that Government vessel a few days ago. His trip didn't cost the taxpayers a cent. This isn't a deadhead Administration.

Those Democratic papers which are asserting that Canton, the President's home, is lost to the Republicans ought to know that Canton has been reliably Democratic for years.

If Representative Bailey, of Texas, ever goes out of the statesmanship business, he ought to do well at lecturing on "The Coat I Wouldn't Wear.

Congressmen and the Postoffices.

Much misunderstanding has arisen over reports which have been generally circulated that the patronage privileges of of Senators have been extended, and that their endorsement will be required on all applications for postoffices. This is erroneous, and Postmaster General Gary has had frequent occasion recently to correct this impression. The policy practiced heretofore in the distribution of offices will be followed by this administration, and the prerogative enjoyed by Representatiues in the past will be continued. Representatives will have the naming of the postmasters in their districts as a general rule, while Senators can name those at their home offices and in some large cities, on an amicable understanding with the Representavee.

A Valuable Prescription

Editor Morrison, of Worthington Indiana, "Sun," writes: "You have a valuable prescription in Electric Bitters, and I can cheerfully recommend it for Constipation and Sick Head Ache, and as a general system tonic it has no equal." Mrs Annie Stehle 2625 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago was all run down, could not eat nor enjoy food, had a backache which never left her and felt tired and weary, but six bottles of Electric Bitters restored her health and renewed her strength. Prices 50c and $1 per bottle. At Alex. Wadsworth's Drug, Store.

Everybody says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and billiousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

Ripans Tabules cure flatulence.

WASHINGTON LETTER.
(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, April 16, 1897.

President McKinley made a number of appointments this week, among the most important of whtch were President James B. Angell, of the Michigan State University, to be Minister to Turkey, and ex-Representative Meikeljohn, of Nebraska, to be Assistant Secretary of War. This is not Mr. Angell's first diplomatic appointment, as he went to China as Minister during the Hayes administration, especially to secure a revision of the Burlingame treaty, and succeeded in getting it. He is thought to be well qualified to enforce the determined policy of the administration in making Turkey pay for the property of American missionaries destroyed by rioters last year. Mr. Meiklejohn served two terms in the House with credit and will make an efficient assistant to Secretary Alger.

Senator Morrill, the Chairman of the Committee on Finance, celebrated his eighty-seventh birthday this week and had the honor of making the motion upon which the first tariff test vote was taken in the Senate—to refer Senator Vest's resolution, declaring Secretary Gage's order to Collectors of Customs, concerning the clause of the Dingley tariff bill making the duties take effect April 1, to be without authority—and of seeing his motion carried by a majority of one. When the Dingley bill is put upon its final passage it will have a larger majority than that.

A notable feature of the Jefferson banquet of the silver Democrats, which was so manipulated as to seem to endorse Mr. Bryan for the silver Democratic nomination in 1900, was the absence of gold Democrats. It was a combination Bryan-silver love feast and only those were invited who were known to adore the combination.

There are no longer any skeptics concerning President McKinley's intention to live up to the St. Louis platform, by making every possible effort to bring about the acceptance of international bimetalism by the great commercial nations of the world. In appointing three diplomatic Commissioners to visit Europe and ascertain by negotiation with other countries what can be done to bring about an increase in the use of silver money, he chose men who are widely known as staunch advocates of bimetalism—Senator Wolcott, of Colorado; Gen. Paine, of Massachusetts; and Hon. Adali E. Stevenson, of Illinois. These gentlemen expect to start for Europe in about a month, and will probably remain there until the attitude of all the important European governments is officially made known to them.

The Committee from the executive board of the Tennessee Centennial Exposition which came to Washington to invite President McKinley to attend the opening of the exposition at Nashville on May 1, went home delighted. The President told them that as himself and Cabinet would attend the dedication of the Grant monument in New York on the 27th of this month he was affarid that he couldn't be in Nashvill as early as the opening day, but that he would if he could, and would certainly visit the exposition and bring as many members of his Cabinet as could make it convenient to accompany him, and that if unable to be in Nashville at the opening he would start the machinery from Washington by electricity.

The constant clashes between the men who made Representative Bryan of Texas, the leader of the Democrats in the House and those who wanted to make McMillan, of Tennessee, leader are really amusing, and it is believed that they are being slyly encouraged by "Slippery Jim" Richards n, of Tennesee, and "Silver Dick" Bland, of Missouri, both of whom have aspirations to be the leader of the House minority. Meanwhile the House continues to meet and adjourn every three days.

MARVELOUS RESULTS

From a letter written by Rev. J. Gunderman, of Dimondale, Michwe are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist Church at Rives Junction she was brought down with Pneumonia succeeding La Grippe Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little intermission and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results. Trial bottles free at Alex. Wadsworth's Drug Store. Regular size 50c, and $1

A Practical Working Commission.

Buffalo Express.

The Currency Commission which President McKinley has appointed to promote an International monetary agreement is a less representative body than the Commission appointed by President Harrison, but is better to secure practical results, supposing any practical results are possible.

Memory is a little treacherous now and then, and causes one to forget some things worth remembering, unless one has an experience like that which came to Mr. D. E. Eastt, Moffatt's Creek, Va., who says: "I had been suffering for years with a torpid liver and found no relief until I took Simmons Liver Regulator when I was entirely relieved of my troubles. I never intend being without Simmons Liver Regulator."

Tom Watson Accepts the Verdict.

In a letter printed in the New York World of March 9 Thomas E. Watson, ex-candidate for vice president, says:

If there was any clear meaning in the verdict of last November, it was that there should be no free and unlimited coinage of silver at the old ratio of 16 to 1.

Condensed Japanese History.

The Japanese government has adopted the gold standard. The Japs are the most progressive people of the east. All progressive nations are on the gold basis. —Pomeroy (O.) Leader.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Ripans Tabules: gentle cathartic.

WHAT IS MONEY?

Subject Clearly Explained by a College President at a Farmers' Convention.

The following is part of the synopsis printed by the Milton (Wis.) Journal of an excellent address by President Whitford of Milton college before the farmers' convention at a recent meeting at Milton. It contains some very lucid statements of money and of the power of governments to fix value:

First.—Two separate and distinct values are assigned to money, one being the intrinsic or market value of the article used; the other the legal or face value, indicated by the stamp or device pressed upon the article. In some well known instances what is popularly called money has only one of these values.

Second.—The common practice of tribes and nations in selecting such articles or commodities for money is to adopt two kinds or grades of them, one having greater market value according to its weight, for use in the larger exchanges in trade; the other having lesser value, for the smaller exchanges. This practice furnishes the first essential condition for a system of bimetallism.

Third.—Only that money is basic and widely and permanently used which is made of precious metals, very generally gold and silver. Other and perishable commodities are finally abandoned or held redeemable in these metals.

Fourth.—The market value of these metals, not their face value, constitutes the original and continuous quality by reason of which they are almost universally accepted as basic or primary money. Government or custom can add a quality, not inherent, but temporary, to such metals and other articles used as a medium of exchange. But the real measure thus declared to be effective and lasting must be the one established by the laws of trade, not by the edicts of government.

Fifth.—Government itself cannot fix or control the market value or price of any metal or other commodity, whether used as money or in the practical arts. So it cannot make fiat money and compel the people to circulate it a great length of time as money of any sort.

Sixth.—Any coins or other money whose market value is less than their face value always soon expel from circulation all coins or other money whose market value is greater according to their weight, unless the former are redeemable in the latter. Whenever a coin shows even a slight inferiority of its market value to its face value, it tends at once to crowd out of use even a coin whose two values are equivalent.

Seventh.—Gold has been adopted by the principal civilized nations as primary money or the standard of values because of its greater market value, its less weight for a given sum of money and its least fluctuation in market value of any of the precious metals.

Eighth.—Coins like silver, whose market value is less than their face value, can be kept circulating at the same time with gold coins even in somewhat large amounts only by being redeemable in the same denominations with the gold. The same is true of paper money, which has no appreciable market value.

Weyler's Paper Promises.

Our "Greenbackers" should rejoice over the fact that another paper money experiment is being tried. "If greenbacks put down the rebellion in the United States, why shouldn't they prove effective weapons against Cuban rebels?"—reasons General Weyler, who is flooding the coast towns of Cuba with artistically engraved promises to pay on one side of a piece of paper and a picture of a well developed tobacco plant on the other side.

The experiment is bound to be successful, for the notes are made legal tender in the worst way. Any shopkeeper who refuses to accept these promises for their face value is subject to instant imprisonment in jails where confinement means almost certain death. Of course under the circumstances the notes are accepted. Weyler, however, forgot to decree that prices should not be raised, and the Cuban shopkeepers are mean enough to try to defeat the experiment by raising prices. So far they have only doubled prices, but each one is trying to see how high he can put prices, and the end is not in sight.

Come to think of it, high prices, constantly growing higher, have defeated all past experiments with paper money. Perhaps Weyler, by correcting this little defect, may yet demonstrate that Greenbackers are right and that cheap money, by proper legislation, can be made just as good as money made from costly metals. What a boon plenty of money would be to mankind! Success to Weyler's experiment and death to the traitor who tries to prevent its success by raising prices or by refusing to accept Weyler's handsome promises!

HERALDRY.

One View of the Shorthand of History and Chronology.

Heraldry can make the world a glorified may hew and a sea where every one may dip his oar, and if heraldry became again a fine art she could be once more the bride of history, while art with her tumult of enthusiasm alone can deck her fittingly. Without art heraldry is an uncouth and dead thing; with art she liveth for every one and is truly a science.

Heraldry creates intelligent curiosity and stimulates historic imagination. She awakens interest in generations gone by and should be taught, says Mr. Ruskin, to the young men and maidens of the street and lane, for heraldry helps to decipher the forgotten handwriting on the wall and the glorious record of our ancestors' doings and strivings and progress and upward climbing in the long crusade against tyranny and slavery and ignorance and intolerance.

That heraldry is the shorthand of history and chronology seems to be now allowed, and heraldry, in a sense, should be the application of the fine arts of sculpture and painting to family history. It is the silent language which Christendom adopted and developed at the time of the crusades. In silence and in hope she spake, through the eyes, to the heart of Christendom, of the noble deeds of her children, and she is altogether indispensable if the heraldric allusions in Dante, Chaucer, Spenser, Shakespeare, Scott, etc., are not to be entirely lost.

Heraldry has received the sanction of centuries, and a herald of the true strain is neither finicking, fretful nor faulty, but full of goodly joy and at times even of pious mirth. And if some peep and mutter at abuses, forgetting that the abuse of anything is no argument against its proper use, others see and learn that heraldry has educational value, is to many a race a wayside sacrament and blazes broad its potent influence—namely, that nothing must be done to tarnish the family escutcheon.

In England also, in the absence of hereditary rank, coat armor is the only distinctive mark of birth and high blood for the untitled nobility.—Nineteenth Century.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

HOW TO FIND OUT.

Fill a bottle or common water glass with urine and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates a diseased condition of the kidneys. When urine stains linen it is postive evidence of kidney trouble. Too frequent desire to urinate or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

WHAT TO DO.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinrary passages. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists, price fifty cents and one dollar. For a sample bottle and pamphlet, both sent free by mail, mention the CAROLINIAN and send your full post-office address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The proprietor of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer.—34-29.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac of your druggist, under guarantee to cure, 50c or $1.00. Booklet and sample mailed free. Ad. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Saved the Babies

Mr. J. T. McAlister, of Alabama, Ga., says: "Last June Germetuer saved our baby, Paul, carried him safely through an extremely bad case of dysentery and teething, and from a mere skeleton of skin and bones, it has made him a great big solid chunk of thirty-five pounds."

FAT AS A PIG: J. J. Scruggs, of Sidon, Miss, says: "Our little girl 9 months old, was in a very low state from summer complaint and Germatuer made her fat as a pig."

A trans-action in which you cannot lose a sure thing. Biliousness, sick headache, furred tongue, fever, piles and a thousand other ills are caused by constipation and sluggish liver. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the wonderful liver stimulant and blood purifier, will surely cure you. Try a box 10-day; 10c, 25c, 50c. Sample and booklet free. See our big ad.

NOTICE.

On the 3d day of May, 1897, it being the 1st Monday of said month, I shall proceed to sell the following described real estate to satisfy the County and State taxes for the year 1896, the same having been levied upon by me according to law, this April 1st 1897:

SALEM TOWNSHIP.

S. C. Brown, 705 acres adjoining the lands of John T. Davis, Little River and main road; taxes $33.84, cost $1.60, total $35.44.

B. B. Johson, 207 acres adjoining the lands of B. C. Johnson, John Johnson and others, in Bluff Point; taxes 7.35, cost 1.60, total $8.95.

NIXONTON TOWNSHIP.

The Kirk land, 186 acres adjoining the lands of Geo. D. Pool, Ben Pendleton and others; taxes 11.83, cost 1 60, total $13.43.

MT. HERMON TOWNSHIP.

Cassie Mansfield, 50 acres adjoining the lands of Noah Brite and others; taxes 2.32, cost 1.60, total $3.92.

A. W. Overton, 20 acres adjoining the lands of Chas. Reid and others; tax .80, cost 1.60, total $2.40.

NEWLAND TOWNSHIP,

John Gal op, 180 acres, adjoining the lands of Seth Williams, R. H. Morgan and others; tax 3.91, cost 1.60, total $5.51.

Willie Jones, 72 acres adjoiniug the lands of M. W. Jones, Maggie McDonald and others; taxes 2.88, cost 1.60, total $4.48.

E. CITY TOWNSHIP.

W. F. Griffin, 2 town lots adjoining the lots of Mary Ann Wood et al; taxes 4.00 cost 1.60, total $5.60.

Lovey Johnson 1-4 acre in Pritchard Town, adjoining Dempsey Griffin and others; tax 4.40, cost 1.60, total $6.00.

Wm. Rumbough, 1 town lot adjoining the lots of Dr. P. John on Lawrence street; taxes .80, cost 1.60, total $2.40.

Alex Small, agt. for mother, 1 lot on corner of Pool and Pearl streets, taxes 4.93, cost 1.60, total $6.53

James Tarkenton, 1 town lot on Bland Lane adjoining James Morgan and others; taxes 1.66, cost 1.60, total $3.26.

Susan Davis, 1 lot on Road and Pearl steets; taxes 3.20, cost 1.60, total $4.80

Joseph Phelps, 1 town lot adjoining the lands of Susan Skiles and Daniel Cartwright; taxes 3.60, cost 1.60, total $5.20.

T. P. WILCOX, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sale.

NOTICE! By virtue of executions issued to me from the Superior Court of Pasquotank County, in the causes of McCabe & Grice vs. W. R. Lyon; James Spires vs. W. R. Lyon; Williams & Commander vs. W. R. Lyon, et al., I shall sell for cash at the Court House door in Pasquotank County on Monday, May 3d, 1897, at 12, M., that certain house and lot on Church street, in the town of Elizabeth City, N. C., belonging to W. R. Lyon, bounded on the North by Church street; East, by the house and lot of W. H. Lyon; South, by Butt property, and West, by the lands of Mrs. Weisel; said property having been levid on by me in the above entitled cause, and is sold subject to a mortgage made by said W. R. Lyon and wife.

T. P. WILCOX,
Sheriff of Pasquotank County.
April 1, 897.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.
OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.
Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.
A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.
OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

SALVATION OIL

The modern Pain Annihilator, will positively cure Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Sores, Earache, Backache and all other aches. SALVATION OIL is sold everywhere for 25 cents. Only the genuine will do the work.

Chew LANGE'S PLUGS, The Great Tobacco Antidote, 10c. Dealers or mail, A. C. Meyer & Co., Balto., Md.

Knowing that satisfied customers are better than any newspaper advertisements, our aim is to give the greatest value possible for the money, and to satisfy customers both in cost and quality of goods bought.

GOLD & HOOPER

No merchants can charge you double the value for an article and be merchants long. Buyers are too intelligent to be deceived.

GOLD & HOOPER

To reduce our large stock of Winter Suits, Men's and Youths' Overcoats and Ladies' Cloaks and Capes, we have made great reduction on each. Before buying any Clothing you would do well to examine our goods and learn our prices.

Our stock consists of Gener Dry Goods, Oil and Rubber goods, Gents' Furnishing goods, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Jewelry, Notions and anything else you want. Call and see us. Water street, near Arlington Hotel.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets CURE CONSTIPATION

REGULATE THE LIVER

10¢ 25¢ 50¢ ALL DRUGGISTS

CANDY CATHARTIC — .....CASCARETS taste good. Eat them like candy. They remove any bad taste in the mouth, leaving the breath sweet and perfumed. It is a real pleasure to take them instead of nauseating liquids or cannon-ball pills.

BOON FOR MOTHERS — .....CASCARETS increase the flow of milk in nursing mothers. A tablet eaten by the mother makes her milk mildly purgative and has a mild but certain effect on the baby, the only safe laxative for the babe-in-arms.

PURELY VEGETABLE — .....CASCARETS are purely vegetable and contain no mercurial or other mineral poisons. They are made of the latest remedies discovered and are a scientific combination never before put together in any form.

PLEASE THE CHILDREN — .....CASCARETS are liked by the children. They taste good and do good; stop windy colic and cramps, and kill and drive off worms, and all kinds of parasites that live in the bowels of the growing child.

ANTISEPTIC LAXATIVE — .....CASCARETS are antiseptic. That means they stop undigested food from souring in the stomach, prevent fermentation of the bowels and kill disease germs of any kind that breed and feed in the system.

CURE GUARANTEED — .....CASCARETS, taken patiently, persistently, are guaranteed to cure a case of constipation, no matter how old and obstinate, or purchase money will be cheerfully refunded by your own druggist.

LIVER STIMULANT — .....CASCARETS are sold by all druggists for 10c, 25c, 50c a box, according to size. A 10c box will prove their merit and put you on the right road to perfect and permanent health. Don't risk delay.

HEALTH FOR 10 CENTS

Don't judge CASCARETS by other medicines you have tried. They are new, unlike anything else that's sold, and infinitely superior.

CCC The only genuine. Beware of imitations!

Try a 10c box to-day, if not pleased get your money back! Larger boxes, 25c or 50c. Sample and booklet mailed free. Address

STERLING REMEDY CO., CHICAGO; MONTREAL, CAN.; NEW YORK. 238

NO-TO-BAC cures Tobacco Habit or money refunded. Makes weak men strong. Sold and guaranteed by all druggists. Get booklet.

Caleb Haley & Co.,

COMMISSION DEALERS
—In all kinds of—
FRESH FISH,

14 FULTON FISH MARKET,
New York

Special attention given to the sale of NORTH CAROLINA SHAD.

☞Stationary and Stencils, with shipping mark, forwarded upon application.

A. W. HAFF,

Successor to
Lanphear & Haff,
Wholesale Commission Dealer
In Fresh Fish, Lobsters,
Etc., Etc.
NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET
NEW YORK,

North Carolina Shad a Specialty.
☞Agents.

WILLIS H. ROGERS,

Wholesale Commission

FISH DEALER
106 FULTON MARKET,
New York

North Carolina Shad a Specialty.
Stencils furnished at a moment's notice
References:—Guirkin & Co., Bankers beth City, N C, and other Financial uses when desired

S. L. STORER & CO.,

Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of
Fresh Fish,

Lobster, Turtle, &c.,
No 10, Fulton Fish Market,
New York.

☞If your Stencil is not in good order let us know. We employ no agents and pay no no commissions.

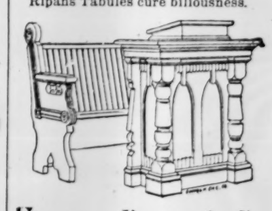
Davenport, Morris & Co.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND

DEALERS IN FISH,
Richmond Va,

Consignments of North Carolina Herring solicited and proceeds remitted in cash. On account of intimate acquaintance and frequent transactions with the Grocery trade of the West and South we are able to handle North Carolina Fish to the very best possible advantage, and we are known everywhere as the largest distributors in this market.

Ripans Tabules cure billousness.



Kamer Bros. & Co.,

(INCORPORATED)
ufacturers of and Dealers in
KILN & AIR DRIED
LUMBER
—AND—
Building Material
Truck Boxes
—AND—
CRATES

Now is the time to place your order the latter for the Spring Shipping

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

L. W. Wright. John Dais.

L. W. Wright & Co.,

Wholesale Commission Dealers in all
—Kinds Of—
Fresh Fish,

Lobsters, Soft Crabs, Terrapin, Etc.,
105 Fulton Market, N. Y.
SOUTHERN SHAD A SPECIALTY.
Consignments Solicited,
Prompt Returns
References: Fulton Fish Market National Bank, Dunn or Bradstreet Mercantile Agencies or any Wholesale Fish House.

Improve your Time

—BY HAVING—

YOUR WATCH REPAIRED BY HATHAWAY BROS.

Reliable Jewelers.

North Carolina

Iron Works

—AND—

Supply House.

Machine Shop & Foundry,

MACHINERY OF ALL KINDS

Made and Repaired.

Steamboat & Mill Work a Specialty.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

We are prepared to do Saw-Mill and Steamboat work and General Machine and Foundry work of all descriptions. Our tools consists of 16 to 48 inch Lathes and can turn Shafts 16 feet long. Planers 42 by 42 inches by 16 feet long.

We carry in stock a full line of Bogy and Dry Kiln Wheels; also Standard Grate Bars, and are prepared to furnish Boiler Fronts and general Foundry work on short notice.

We are prepared to do our own pattern work and we guarantee our work and prices to compare with any other city.

We carry in our Supply Store a full line of Rubber and Leather Belting, Oils, Wastes, Babbit Metal, Files, Belt Dressing, Engine and Rubber Packings, Lubricators, Steam Guages, Brass Goods of all kinds, Belt Lacing, Pipe and Pipe Fittings and Boiler Tubes.

We also handle Wood and Iron Pulleys, Hangers, Boxes, Collars, Shafting. Couplings and Rubber Roofing Paint. And are agents for Wood Working Machinery, Engines and Boilers and Machery of all description and Gasoline Engines and Launches.

For further information, address,

J. H. PARTRIDGE,

P. O. Box 220. Manager.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor—Charles C. Pool; Commissioners—Palemon John, Thomas A. Commander, Alson B. Seeley B. Frank Spence and Wm. W. Griggs. Clerk, Charles A. Banks; Treasurer, Geo. W. Cobb; Constable and Chief of Police, Wm. C. Brooks; Street Commissioner, Reuben W. Berry; Fire Commissioners, Allen Kramer and Fred. H. Zeigler.

Collector of Customs—Jas. C. Brooks.

Postmaster—E. F. Lamb.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Road and Church Sts

CHURCHES.

Methodist: J. H. Hall, pastor; Baptist, C. S. Blackwell, pastor; Episcopal, L. L. Williams, rector; Presbyterian, F. H. Johnston, pastor.

Methodist Episcopal (Opera House): Preaching 3 p. m. and 7:30 p. m., each Sunday. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Prayer meetings Tuesday nights. W. J. Griffin pastor.

COLORED—Methodist, P. R. Anderson, pastor; Corner Stone, Z. H. Berry, pastor; Olive Branch, Lake Pierce, pastor; Sawyer's Chapel, J. C. Coleman pastor. Antioch, Presbyterian, S P Smith, pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge No. 317, Dr. W. W. Griggs, W. M.; G. W. Brothers, S. W.; E. F. Lamb, J. W.; D. B. Bradford, Sec'y; Moses Weisel Treas. Meets 1st and 3d Tuesday nights.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge No. 14; C. W Belanga, N. G.; W. H. Ballard, V. G.; H. O. Hill, Sec'try; M. Wescott, Treasurer.

Tabula Encampment No. 8; W. H. Ballard, C. P.; C. M. Burgess, H. P.; Maurice Wescott, S. W.; W. A. James, J. W.; H. O. Hill, Scribe; G. W. Twiddy, Treasurer.

Royal Arcanum, Tiber Creek Council No. 1209; H. O. Hill, Regent; D. A. Morgan, Vice Regent; C. Gourkin, Orator; W. H. Zoeller, Secretary; F. M. Cook, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer. Meets every 1st and 3d Monday nights.

Knights of Honor; R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Engle, Vice Dictator; T. J. Jordan, Reporter; T. B. Mason, Financial Reporter; W. J. Trafton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 4th Friday.

Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; J. P. Simpson, Sachem; W. S. Sanford, Sr. Sagamore; Will Anderson, Jr. Sagamore; C. W. Batanga, Prophet; James Spires, C. of R.; S. H. Murrell, K. of W. Meet every Wednesday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: E. C. Kramer, chairman; F. M. Godfrey, W. J. Williams. Standard Keeper. A. L. Jones.

Sheriff, Thomas P. Wilcox; Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman; Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper; Treasurer, John S. Morris; County Examiner, Gaston Pool.

SCHOOLS.

Public School, W. M. Hinton, Principal.
Atlantic Collegiate Institute, S. L. Sheep, Prest.
Select School, I. N. Tillett, Principal.
State Colored Normal, P. W. Moore, Principal.

WOODARD HOUSE

EDENTON, N. C.

This well established Hotel offers first-class accommodations to travelers.

FIRST-CLASS BAR ATTACHED

☞ Sample Rooms for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances furnished when desired. Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers.

Terms Reasonable.

J. B. Leigh. Isaac Meekins

LEIGH & MEEKINS,

*** Attorneys-at-Law. ***

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Practice in the District and Federa Courts. Collections promptly made.

N. G. Grandy & Co.

—BROKERS—

Agents for Woldrige's High Class

FERTILIZERS.

We also keep COTTON SEED MEAL and HULLS, the finest feed in the world for producing milk and fattening poor cattle. We ask a trial.

REFERENCES: Guirkin & Co., bankers, Hughes & Pritchard, J. B. Flora & Co., Robinson & Co., Elizabeth City, N. C

Ripans Tabules: for sour stomach.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday, April 21, 1897.

☞ The planted crops are growing.

☞ Truckers will soon be shipping peas.

☞ Immense catches of Herring are reported from Weymouth's Fishery, at Croatan.

☞ Federal Court was called here yesterday, but no judge appearing, it was adjourned.

☞ It is stated that Mr. Thomas Sawyer, of Camden, is the father of 21 children—the oldest born 60 years ago, the youngest two years old.

☞ The contract for building the Iron Bridge over Perquimans River, at Hertford, has been awarded to the George E. King Bridge Company, of Desmoines, Iowa. Price, $6,000.

☞ The work on the Dismal Swamp Canal continues making good progress. The Locks at South Mills are now being taken down preparatory to the necessary enlargement.

☞ We are glad to learn that John H. Blount esq., now of Greenville, who has been dangerously ill, is in a fair way to recovery. He served two terms as Solicitor of this District and is a lawyer of distinguished ability.

☞ We acknowledge, with thanks, an invitation from Governor and Mrs. Russell to attend a reception in honor of The Capital Club at the Executive Mansion at Raleigh on the 27th inst. We are sorry we cannot attend.

☞ Having met with a heavy loss by the fire noticed last week, we hope that those of our patrons knowing themselves to be in arrears will feel prompted to make immediate remittences, as we need the money to repair the damages

☞ The capacity of the Water Works built by our enterprising townsman J. F. Sanders on the top of his large building, on Poindexter street, has been increased, and it is being utilized by quite a number of the business men on Water, Poindexter and adjoining streets.

☞ There was a very enjoyable Entertainment on the night of the 9th inst by the Epworth League, at the Annex of the Methodist Church here. The program was elaborate, embracing vocal and instrumental music, essays, recitations and select reading. At the conclusion of the exercises there was a bounteous collation of cake and cream.

☞ In reply to the numerous letters of inquiry about our health, we are glad to say that we are again able to be at our office; and for the many messages, verbal and by mail, expressing sympathy for our misfortune, we are profoundly thankful. We will add that we are not disheartened but that we will at once rebuild and hope soon to be comfortably "at home" again

☞ The following note explains itself.

Office of the Secretary,
ALBEMARLE FIRE COMPANY
Elizabeth City, N. C., Apr. 16, '97.

DR. JOHN:

Dear Sir:—We have your check for $15.00, which we accept, not as pay for services, but as a donation, for which you will receive our united thanks.

We enclose an honorary membership receipt for your kind and most valuable services rendered through your paper and other ways. Hoping, if necessary, we may prove of service to you any time in the future,

Respectfully,
ALBEMARLE FIRE CO.,
WILLIS GREGORY, Sec.

The members of the Company will accept our thanks for the kind expression and proffers tendered, and, too, for the distinguished honor conferred in electing us a member of their organization. We have always felt an interest in the "Albemarle Fire Company;" but it is natural that, since the successful efforts made in saving our dwelling and funiture from total destruction, our interest should be intensified. As the work and services of the Company is entirely voluntary, we think that in every case where valuable property is saved the owner should show his appreciation in a more substantial way than mere thanks. At least this is the way we feel about it.

——Since the above was in type we have received the following:

Office of the Secretary
EXCELSIOR HOOK & LADDER CO.

DR. P. JOHN, Dear Sir:—We acknowledge the receipt of your check for $10. for which please accept our thanks. Permit us to say that such evidences of appreciation are very gratifying to us. Respectfully,

EXCELSIOR HOOK & LADDER CO.
F. W. M. Butler, Sec.

We simply did in this matter, as we did in the other, what we felt to be right. The "Excelsior Hook & Ladder Company," composed of some of our best colored citizens, is an important and valuable adjunct to the Fire Department of our City and should be encouraged and sustained.

☞ See Railroad notice to passengers.

Healthy fowls pick up their food quickly and relish it.

☞ That Kid Glove Moses Weisel is celling for 79c is a corker.

☞ You will want our Clothing if you see the quality and how little they cost. Genuine bargains at Fowler & Co.'s.

☞ The way of the world is to praise dead saints and persecute living ones.

☞ You need Clothing every day; Seed money just as often. Our Clothing Prices help you to save your money. Catch the idea? Fowler & Co.

☞ Chopped onions invigorate fowls break up colds, aid digestion and relieve soft or swelled crop.

☞ A special lot of Straw Matting at reduced price. Fowler & Co.

☞ To some people the smell of a newly painted room is highly objecionable. The odor can be greatly lessened by placing a pail of cold water in the room, and allowing it to tstand there for some time.

☞ You will do well to buy a Carpet of Fowler & Co, at their present prices for they will be higher.

☞ Is better to make mistakes than to sit idle and inactive and view all things from a pessimistic standpoint. Dead people are the only only ones who do not make mistakes.

If you want a Suit of Clothes made to order, go to Fowler & Co, Large assortment to select from and a fit guaranteed.

☞ The man who has no happiness in life is one who doesn't wear Moses Weisel's perfect fitting shirts.

☞ Its a peach! that $1.25 Overcoats for boys at Moses Weisel's, sizes from 5 to 13 years, with capes

☞ Mr. Jacob D Rogers, of Bynum's X Roads, Chowan County, died last week, aged 62 years; also, at the same place, a few days later, Mrs Viney Dail, departed this life, aged 75 years.

☞ The man who doesn't turn up at Moses Weisel's Gents Furnishing Goods sale is very apt to be turned down by judges of elegant styles.

☞ News has been received that Mr Thomas H. Tamplin, born in Camden county, but who went to St. Louis in 1865, where he has since resided, died in that city on the 7th inst, aged 53 years. He was here on a visit in 1894.

☞ How are you off for Blankets. We have 'em, the best to be had from 50c the pair to $5. Moses Weisel.

☞ J. H. Lewark, the 13 years old son of Mr. Lewis T. Lewark, of Currituck Inlet, is a phenomenon in weight, tipping the scales at 436 pounds. It is reported that Mr. Lewark has ten other children whose weights range from 180 to 250 pounds.

☞ A wise man doesn't like to admit that he has been foolish twice in the same way. If he forgets to buy his Neckties of Moses Weisel one day, he manages to drop into the store the next time he needs a supply.

☞ Mr. Wm. F. Stokes, a prominent citizen of Hertford, after a lingering illness, departed this life on the 10th inst, aged 62 years and 3 months. He was an architect and builder and a worthy man. His funeral was conducted by the Masons, of which fraternity he was an active member.

☞ At a former meeting of the Town Commissioners, the Mayor was directed to demand of the County Commissioners the amount expended by the Corporation in rebuilding the Draw Bridge over Charles Creek. He did so, and the County Commissioners proposed to submit a case agreed to the Judge of the Superior Court. This was done and the case was heard in Chambers before Judge Bryan at the March term. His Honor made the following decision:

North Carolina, Pasquotank County,
In the Superior Court, Spring Term, 1897.

Corporation of Elizabeth City *vs.* the Board of Commissioners of Pasquotank County.

This cause coming on to be heard before me upon the case agreed: It is adjudged that the defendant keep in repair and maintain the bridge over Charles Creek described in the case agreed. That plaintiff recover of the defendaut seven hundred dollars, together with the costs of this action.

HENRY R. BRYAN,
Judge Presiding.

It will be observed that this decision not only requires the County Commissioners to pay for repairs already done, but it imposes a duty upon them of keeping the bridge in repair for all future time, thus saving the Corporatian of Elizabeth City thousands of dollars.

LOCAL MENTION.

The sun rose this morning at 5:20 and will set to-night at 6:39.—The oyster season will soon be closed.—We learn that members of the Fire Department have organized a Band. Let them be encouraged in all they undertake.—Our townsman James Spires is first with green peas from his garden.—A white man named James Hill was required by his Honor, the Mayor, to fork over $14.10 for being drunk and smashing a window pane at Speight's Restaurant.—The man who can pay his debts and won't, stands recorded as a thief on the books kept above.—When a woman's face is homely she regrets that people cannot see her heart.—Asks the Querist:

Why should loquacious girls be bells?
Who can answer me this riddle?
I make a guess, it is because
Their tongues hang in the middle.

—Mr Geo. A. Austin, of Suncook, N. H., accompanied by his friend, Mr. J. Wilkins, of the same city, is spending a few days here. Both have property interests here.—We acknowledge a call last week from Mr. Geo. A. Bliven, Assistant Keeper of Body's Island Light House. He is a son of the late Geo. B. Bliven, of Manteo, who, by the way, was one of our loyal and valued friends.—Mrs. W. D. Pruden, of Edenton, spent several days visiting friends here last week.—Mrs. Archie Turner, is visiting her husband's mother on Lawrence street.—Rev. John H. Hall spent a part of last week assisting Rev. Mr. Ryder in a protracted meeting at the Methodist Church there.—"Now, Thomas," said the Teacher, "write me a sentence in which the words pine and butternut are used," whereupon Thomas wrote:

The fellow felt almighty tough
When him his best girl cut;
First he thought he'd pine away,
Then he thought he'd butternut.

—Nothing attracts more favorable attention than a well-behaved girl—"Our minister does not jump at conclusions," remarked a certain lady the other day. "I should say not. I have never known him to reach a conclusion in less than an hour," replied a male attendant at the same church.—Cards are out for the marriage of Miss Almira Ford, the charming daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Allen, to Mr. David C. Whitehurst, both of this city, on the 28th inst.—When a man wonders why he loves a woman, he doesn't.—On the map of life the land of desire borders that of regret.—We acknowledge a cordially pleasant visit on Friday from Rev. W. Y. Everton, of Mann's Harbor, Pastor of Dare Circuit.—"What do you consider the hardest problem of a man's existence?" a lazy man was asked. "Getting his own consent to crawl out of bed in the morning," was the reply.—The Rhymster writes that last week

Men lingered at the windows
Where the dainty bonnets thrall,
Just to revel in the fact that they
Didn't have to buy them all

—Among the colored men, who, at great personal risks, rendered heroic service at our late fire, we specially mention Mathias Johnson, Samuel Martin, Anthony Johnson and Geo. W. Quidley. There were others whose names we did not get. Indeed the colored vied with the white citizens in efforts to control and put out the fire.—Hon. P. H. Morgan, Superintendent of the Life Saving Service in this District, was in the city on Saturday.—Women don't like a man who wants to argue everything.—The Listener overheard the following: "Don't you think that the man who knows when to stop talking is about as wise as they get?" "About, but not quite. The greatest brain is in the possession of the man who knows when not to begin."—"The Voice of God through the Lips of the Lilly" was the theme of an eloquent discourse by Rev. Dr. Blackwell at the Baptist Church on Sunday night.—This is by the Versifier:

In the courting days he held her
On his lap an hour, may be;
Now they're married, and he grumbles
If he's asked to hold the baby.

—"What is the best way to tell a bad egg?" asked the sweet young thing who had entered tha bonds of matrimony without any practical experience in housekeeping. "I don't know I'm sure," answered the cruel husband. "Did you ever try tastting it?"—The Naval Reserves will appear in uniform at the Baptist Church next Sunday night to hear a special sermon by the Pastor.—To the question, "Why is a doctor never sea-sick?" the answer has been given, "Because he is use to see sickness."—Mr. Cha's R. Scott, whose serious illness was noticed last week, died on Friday. His age was about 28 years. The Naval Reserves, of which he was a member, attended the funeral and fired the usual vollies at the grave.—The Methodist and Episcopal Churches were beautifully decorated on Easter Sunday, the music was grand and the exercises were impressively appropriate.—Rev. F. H. Johnston left on Monday to attend the Albemarle Presbytery which is now in session at Wilson.—Miss Pattie Wilcox, of Kehuka, spent several days visiting her relatives and friends in the City.—Miss Etta Merriam is off on a visit to relations in New York.—Some of our local Democrats are publicly howling about "negro rule," and yet are quietly trying to persuade the voters in several Wards to insist upon a colored candidate for Commissioner. The object is transparent. It will "fizzle out."—There will be an Illustrated Lecture by Rev. B. C. Krupp at the Old Opera House on Friday night at at 8, p. m. Admission free.—Mr. L. P. Etheridge fell from the second story of a house on Burgess street on Saturday night and fractured a leg.—We acknowledge a number of calls the first part of the week from patrons and friends from different parts of the District. Always glad to see and greet them.—We acknowledge a very pelasant call yesterday from J. George Hannah, Deputy Marshal of this District.—What are the facts about falling from the second story, etc., in the First Ward? Was it an accident or a scandal, or both?—We had another cold wave yesterday.—Miss Ella V. John, who has been quite ill, is now much better.—Hon. E. A. White, of Belvidere, called last evening and paid his respects.

A CARD.

To those of both sexes and of both races who so promptly and kindly came to our assistance on Tuesday morning of last week, we wish to express our grateful acknowledgement and sincere thanks.

The people of our town are kind, brave and honest, and their noble action in our behalf will give us some bright memories of a very sad day.

MIRA T. JENKINS,
ELLA V. JOHN

Presiding Elder's Appointments—Third Round in Part.

Camden, Sharon,	May	22	23
Pasquotank, Union	"	29	30
Eliz. City (at night)	"		30
Perquimans, New Hope	June	5	6
Hertford,	"		13
Edenton,	"		20
Currituck, Zion,	"	26	27

ANDREW P. TYRE.

NORFOLK & SOUTHERN R. R. CO.

NOTICE TO PASSENGRRS.

Commencing Tuesday, April 27th, Trains No. 3 and 4 will run Tri-Weekly instead of Daily, making the Round Trip from Edenton to Norfolk every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, stopping at all Stations.

See schedule which will be posted at Stations giving hours of departure and arrival.

H. C. HUDGINS,
Gen. Freight and Passenger Agt.
M. K. KING,
General Manager.

April 19th, 1897.

CABBAGE PLANTS FOR SALE. I have 10,000 Cabbage plants, this year's first growth, for sale.

GEO. D POOL.

Summer Diorrhoea Cured.

G. W. Clark, McGregor, Texas, says: "Our little baby daughter has been cured of a violent case of summer diarrhoea from Teething, by the use of Dr. King's Royal Germetuer. She had been reduced nearly to a skeleton. The first dose of Germtuer helped her, and now is well and fat."

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager. Elizabeth City, N. C

WHY will you buy bitter nauseating tonics when **Groves Tasteless Chill Tonic** is as pleasant as Lemon Syrup. Your druggist is authorized to refund the money in every case where it fails to cure. Price, 50 cents

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25c per box. For sale by Alex. Wadsworth

W. H Morris,

Veterinary Surgeon.

Having made the Diseases of Horses a special study, is now devoting attention to their cure. He has had marked success in treating staggers, affections of the lungs, lock jaw, etc. He also treats all Domestic Animals.

☞ Examinations at his office on Main street, Elizabeth City, N. C., FREE OF CHARGE

Honest Money

Is not alone that which you earn, but that which you save. Come here to-morrow, come any day of the week, come when you will and see if the money we save you is not as honest in your pocket as it would be in the till of those who would;

Charge You

more for goods. We have Child's Cape Overcoats, sizes 9 to 13 years, at $1.25, we will guarantee cannot be matched in the city at the price. We also have a

Man's Suit

square cut, color blue, for $2.50 that is a corker. We also have higher price Suits, goods that are equally as cheap, for $5.00 $5.50, $6.00, $6.50, $7,50 and up. We have.

Dress Goods

that are the very latest 1896 Fall Styles from 10 cents to $2.00 per yard, a wide range of prices you will say, but the assortment is complete and fashionable.

Shoes

in an endless assortment and prices the very lowest. Investigate and know for yourself we are positively the lowest price house in the city.

Moses Weisel,

ELIZABETH CITY, N C

"Nothing else like it:"

The most refreshing and pleasant Soap for the skin.

It lasts twice as long as others.

A trial will convince you of its great merit. Will please the most fastidious.

Mfr. of CHARLES F. MILLER, FRENCH MILLED TOILET SOAPS AND PERFUMERY, Lancaster, Penn.

ESTABLISHED, 1849.

OUR COLORED PEOPLE

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

Subscribe for the CAROLINIAN.

Hugh Cale, has returned to Washington.

Mr. and Mrs. John Lowe, of Hertford, spent Sunday in the city.

Mr. James Burke, of Edenton, was in town on Friday last.

The Hook and Ladder boys did good work at the fire the other day.

Mr. S. F Lane has returned to the city again after a brief trip away.

An interesting concert was given at the Samaritan Hall last night for the benefit of Preyortown Mission.

Mr. A. D. White, after spending a short while visiting relatives here, has returned to Yonkers.

Mr. S. D. L. Hinton, of Mumford, this county, leaves this week to spend the summer at Haverstraw, N. Y

The State Normal School Lyceum will present a special program Friday evening. It promises to be both amusing and beneficial to all who may attend.

Miss Lydia A. Turner left last week for Philadelphia where she expects to remain some time.

News was received here last week announcing that Wiley Jackson, a native of this city, had been killed by falling from a building in Philadelphia, Pa

According to report a resident of the county named Johnson was held up in true Jesse James style one night last week being both relieved of his money and shot.

Sunday witnessed the most gorgeous Easter display here of several years. In addition to the feminine display of new bonnets and gowns, many of the young men were resplendent in straw hats and russet shoes. All of the churches were well attended and the special services held at some of them were decidedly interesting.

Little Men and Women

We call them little men and little women, but they are neither. They have ideas and ways all their own. Fortunately they soon become fond of cod-liver oil, when it is given to them in the form of SCOTT'S EMULSION. This is the most valuable remedy in existence for all the wasting diseases of early life. The poorly nourished, scrofulous child; the thin, weak, fretting child; the young child who does not grow; all take Scott's Emulsion without force or bribe. It seems as if they knew that thi meant nourishment and growth for bones, muscles and nerves.

Book telling more about it, free.

It won't pay to try a substitute for Scott's Emulsion with the children. They will relish the real thing.

For sale at 50c. and $1.00, by all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

CURES.... SUMMER DISEASES

The Ideal Remedy for all diseases of the stomach and bowels, such as Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Cramps, Loss of Appetite, etc., is that standard of all medicines,

DR. KING'S

ROYAL GERMETUER.

Thousands of Certificates attest the fact.

Mr. L. T. Collier, Kosciusko, Miss., says: "My bowels would act from ten to twenty times a day, of a bloody, mucus nature. My kidneys were very badly out of order. I was treated by the best physicians, and they said I could live but a short while. I then commenced using Royal Germetuer. In three weeks I could eat anything, and do as much work as ever. I continued the Germetuer, and can testify that I am entirely cured, and that Germetuer did the work."

☞ **It is as pleasant to take as lemonade, and builds up from the first dose. It cures disease by removing the cause.**

Sold by Druggists, One Dollar.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

THE ATLANTA CHEMICAL CO., ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Write for 48-page Book, Mailed Free.

Use GERMETUER PILLS and GERMETUER COUGH SYRUP.

A. P. T. L.

The American Protective Tariff League is a national organization advocating "Protection to American Labor and Industry" as explained by its constitution, as follows:

"The object of this League shall be to protect American labor by a tariff on imports, which shall adequately secure American industrial products against the competition of foreign labor."

There are no personal or private profits in connection with the organization and it is sustained by memberships, contributions and the distribution of its publications.

FIRST: Correspondence is solicited regarding "Membership" and "Official Correspondents."

SECOND: We need and welcome contributions, whether small or large, to our cause.

THIRD: We publish a large line of documents covering all phases of the Tariff question. Complete set will be mailed to any address for 50 cents.

FOURTH: Send postal card request for free sample copy of the "American Economist." Address Wilbur F. Wakeman, General Secretary 135 West 23d Street, New York.

Ripans Tabules cure headache.

Ripans Tabules: one gives relief.

Kentucky Dew Whiskey.

STANDARD OF PURITY.

Distilled of carefully selected grain matured in wood. Kentucky Dew is the leader of fine old fashion whiskey, and for mellowness and richness of flavor has no superior. RECOMMENDED BY LEADING PHYSICIANS for the Club and Sick Room. Buy from the Distillers direct or our Agents at Distillery prices.

4 years old $2.50, 8 years old $3.50, 12 years old $4.50 per gallon. No charge for packing. Send money with order; satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded,

$5,000 Guarntee as to Purity of Goods.

Old Kentucky Distillery,

205 W. Main St. Louisville, Ky

Try a Jug direct from our Distillery and be Convinced.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE —OF— Chas. H. Fletcher. IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." ☞ See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

We do Not Have to Talk a Man to Death

to sell our goods. We buy from first hands in large quantities and receive a fresh supply daily. We make a specialty of Fancy Groceries and Canned Goods, and pride ourselves on the fact that while the quality is 'way up in G the prices defy competition. Nothing gives us more pleasure than to show goods, because by thus doing we are sure to secure trade.

Prices and Quality Sell the Goods.

In addition to our already large stock of Groceries, Immense supply of Sugars, Cargoes of Flour, and general Wholesale and Retail Supplies, we have recently added Lime, Cement and Builder's Material generally. We can guarantee these goods. Long experience and practical knowledge with the trade has taught us a thing or two and we are ready to convince you. Our

Wholesale Department,

like our Retail Department, is always kept up to-date. Right here let us say that in the matter of buying we have saved money for others and can do so for you. We know what we are talking about and mean business. Call on us; you'll find us sociable; we have been since we were a boy.

W. J. Woodley, No. 138 and 140 Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Dress Goods.

Unusual good value in Plain and Fancy Spring and Summer Dress Goods at Fowler & Co's

Hosiery

Before buying your Hosiery, examine the prices and qualites at Fowler & o's.

Clothing.

Fowler & Co. are offering some Special Bargains in Clothing. Some heavy weight or Winter Clothing will be sold for about half their value

Fowler & Co.'s Store is full of new goods and new prices. Give them a call.

1849 —VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE— 1897

Standard Seed and Plant Catalogue. Contains all that's New and Good. Always Reliable.

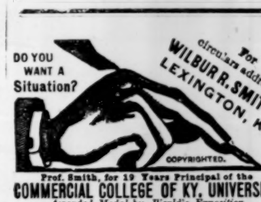
THE GUIDE and your Choice { One packet either **Wonderful Branching Aster, New Japan Morning Glory,** or **Pansy Choice mixed,** for Two packets **25c.,** three packets **30c.** Full retail price 45 cts. } **15 CTS.**

Vick's Illustrated Monthly Magazine which tells how to grow Plants, Flowers and Vegetables, and is up to date on these subjects, for **3** months, the **Guide** and **One packet of Seeds** (named above) for **25 cents.**

Every tenth person sending an Order as above will receive a coupon good for 50 cents' worth of Seed free

When ordering state where you saw this adv. and we will send a packet of **Flower Seeds free** **JAMES VICK'S SONS, ROCHESTER, N. Y.**

VICK'S ILLUSTRATED MONTHLY MAGAZINE



Prof. Smith, for 19 Years Principal of the **COMMERCIAL COLLEGE OF KY. UNIVERSITY**

Awarded Medal by World's Exposition.

For System of Book-keeping and General Business Education, etc. Text to complete Business Course about $60, including tuition, books and board. **Phonography, Typewriting** and **Telegraphy** taught. 10,000 successful graduates—100 in banks and 100 officials. **No Vacation. ENTER NOW.** Kentucky University Diploma awarded our graduates. ☞ *Assistance given our graduates in securing situations.*

☞ *In order that your letters may reach this College sure this notice and address as below.*

WILBUR R. SMITH, LEXINGTON, KY.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,

beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO.,
361 Broadway, New York.

Ripans Tabules: pleasant laxative.
Ripans Tabules cure liver troubles.
Ripans Tabules cure indigestion.
Ripans Tabules.
Ripans Tabules cure torpid liver.

His Back Up.

When Noah blew his horn, the camel humped himself to get aboard, and by a curious freak he stayed humped all his life. Lumbago or lame back humps a man's back simply because he cannot straighten himself on account of the stiffness and soreness accompanying the ailment. Nature helped the camel to his hump for a special purpose. Nature will help a man to get rid of his hump right off if he uses St. Jacobs Oil, because the character of the trouble is such that it needs just such a remedy to warm, soften and straighten out the contracted muscles. From the time of Noah down to the present time men have had lame backs, but only since the introduction of St. Jacobs Oil has the best cure for it been known. Lumbago really disables, but St. Jacobs Oil enables one to attend to business without loss of time.

In Larned, Kan., not only the life of an unlicensed dog is forfeited, but its owner must pay a fine.

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting feet, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight-fitting or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c. In stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

CASCARETS stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe; 10c.

Spring Humors

These unsightly eruptions, painful boils, annoying pimples and other affections, which appear so generally at this season, make the use of that grand Spring Medicine, Hood's Sarsaparilla, a necessity. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now. It will do you wonderful good. It will purify your blood, give you an appetite, tone your nerves, strengthen your stomach, and cure all spring humors. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. $1, six for $5.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Lafayette's Visit to America.

"It is difficult to understand, at this late day, what a furore of excitement passed over this country when Lafayette arrived once more in America. The visit is a historic event to be remembered while memory endures. During President Monroe's second administration the United States extended its invitation to Lafayette. He arrived at Staten Island on August 15 (Sunday), 1824, accompanied by his son, George Washington Lafayette, and also by his son-in-law. A formal reception took place on the following day—the first fruits of the most abundant harvest of welcome which Lafayette was to receive during his year of travel through the United States.

"Lafayette was sixty-seven years old when he visited America as the Nation's guest, and carried his years lightly. His head was shaped like that of Burns. He had a high forehead, long, aquiline nose and a rather thin face. His hair was sandy and quite plentiful. His eyes were dark gray, restless and twinkling; his eyebrows, light in color, but heavily marked. His mouth was firm, and his lips smiled courteously at the holiday crowd assembled to do him honor. The general was not very tall, but well made. His face was distinctly pleasant, and its expression was an odd mixture of shrewdness, decision and gay good humor. His costume was a swallow tailed coat and trousers of dark brown, with a great display of white waistcoat and neckcloth. A bunch of seals hung from a broad black ribbon at his waist. Over his shoulders hung a cloth riding cloak, greenish blue in color and lined with red."—Ladies' Home Journal.

The Young People's Christian Endeavor movement has grown beyond all precedent and prophecy, says the New York Independent. It has come to be considered as necessary an arm of the Church as the Sunday-school, and few denominations have hesitated to make use of it.

Miss Varden (at grand concert)—"Don't you admire Paggінski's execution, Mr. Rush?" Mr. Rush—"I should like to hear of it."—Standard.

Printing began in Scotand in 1509 on a press in Edinburgh.

The longest tunnel in the world is St. Gothard, which is 48,840 feet.

The Wonderful Kava-Kava Shrub.

A New Botanical Discovery.—Of Special Interest to Sufferers from Diseases of the Kidneys or Bladder Rheumatism, etc.—A Blessing to Humanity.

A Free Gift of Great Value to You.

Our readers will be glad to know that the new botanical discovery, Alkavis, from the wonderful Kava-Kava shrub has proved an assured cure for all diseases caused by Uric acid in the blood, or any disordered action of the Kidneys or urinary organs. The Kava-Kava Shrub, or as botanists call it, *Piper Methysticum*, grows on the banks of the Ganges river, East India, and probably was used for centuries by the natives before its extraordinary properties became known to civilization through Christian missionaries. In this respect it resembles the discovery of quinine from the peruvian bark, made known by the Indians to the early Jesuit missionaries in South America, and by them brought to civilized man. It is a wonderful discovery, with a record of 1200 hospital cures in 30 days. It acts directly upon the blood and kidneys, and is a true specific, just as quinine is in malaria. We have the strongest testimony of many ministers of the gospel, well known doctors and business men cured by Alkavis, when all other remedies had failed.

THE KAVA-KAVA SHRUB (*Piper Methysticum*)

In the New York *Weekly World* of Sept. 10th, the testimony of Rev. W. B. Moore, D. D., of Washington, D. C. was given, describing his years of suffering from Kidney disease and Rheumatism, and his rapid cure by Alkavis. Rev. Thomas Smith, the Methodist minister at Cobden, Illinois, passed nearly one hundred gravel stones after two weeks' use of Alkavis. Rev. John H. Watson, of Sunset, Texas, a minister of the gospel of thirty years' service, was struck down at his post of duty by Kidney disease. After hovering between life and death for two months, and all his doctors having failed, he took Alkavis, and was completely restored to health and strength, and is fulfilling his duties as minister of the gospel. Mr. R. C. Wood, a prominent attorney of Lowell, Indiana, was cured of Rheumatism, Kidney and Bladder disease of ten years standing, by Alkavis. Mr. Wood describes himself as being in constant misery, often compelled to rise ten times during the night on account of weakness of the bladder. He was treated by all his home physicians without the least benefit and finally completely cured in a few weeks by Alkavis. The testimony is undoubted and really wonderful. Mrs. James Young, of Kent, Ohio, writes that she had tried six doctors in vain, that she was about to give up in despair, when she found Alkavis and was promptly cured of kidney disease and restored to health. Many other ladies also testify to the wonderful curative powers of Alkavis in the various disorders peculiar to womanhood.

So far the Church Kidney Cure Company, No. 424 Fourth Avenue, New York, are the only importers of this new remedy, and they are so anxious to prove its value that for the sake of introduction they will send a free treatment of Alkavis prepaid by mail to every reader of this paper who is a Sufferer from any form of Kidney or Bladder disorder, Bright's Disease, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Gravel, Pain in Back, Female Complaints, or other affliction due to improper action of the Kidneys or Urinary Organs. We advise all Sufferers to send their names and address to the company, and receive the Alkavis **free. It is sent to you entirely free, to prove its wonderful curative powers.**

Ships That Pass in the Drawn.

It may be sad to have the ships
That we watched for all day long
Pass in the night, but sadder still
To have them pass in the dawn,
After the day of vain gazing,
The night of uncertainty,
The sadness of disappointment,
To wake to find they have gone.

Just as the sun was peeping through
His curtains at earth asleep,
When the first faint flush of crimson
Crept in the gray of the sky:
When the smaller stars had faded,
And the young moon sunk to rest,
With the first glad ray of daylight,
The ships of our hopes went by.

'Tis sadder far, to lose them so,
Than if they had crossed our path
At midnight's calm, when all alone
On the moonlit sea we sailed:
And the lesson grows more bitter,
Sharper our grief, when we find
How near success our hopes were lost,
How nearly fulfilled when we failed.

—Imogene P. King, in Baltimore American.

CAPTAIN TOM.

Nothing to eat—nothing, absolutely nothing. Not a morsel of bread, nor a cup of milk, nor a bone, nor a potato! Not a penny to buy anything with, and not a thing to sell that one would buy!

Yet London is not a desert of any kind, and in the very heart of London lived Lily Vane.

She had been a singer, with a good mezzo-soprano voice, and so had earned her living; but she had never been pretty, and had never made a furore anywhere. Still, she had had a lover, and a true one; and they would have been married one bright, midsummer day, but on its eve he died—dropped at her feet just as he had taken her hand in his to say adieu. Something the matter with his heart, the doctors said.

And now Lily Vane lived alone, as she had for years. She was poor, she was plain, and she was no longer young. Her little savings had been hoarded in a bank which proved to be only a swindler's trap for honest people's money. It was gone, every penny of it; and Lily had had a fever and been near death's door, and she had lost her pupils.

And now the autumn had passed, winter was at hand, and she was starving.

She was a patient woman; suffering had made her so. She was proud, too, in her quiet way. It seemed easier to die than to beg; and between herself and beggary lay just one thing—the plain gold ring upon her finger—her mother's wedding ring—that she could not sell; but she might pawn it. So, as the clock struck twelve, she wrapped herself up in a shawl and hood and slipped out.

The old man sat smoking beside the fire; no other customers were there. The business was soon dispatched and the few shillings counted into Lily's trembling hand, and she was turning away when the door burst open and a jovial face was thrust in, and a loud voice, the voice of a seafaring man, used to shouting orders above the roar of wave and dash of wind, cried:

"Halloa, messmate! am I right for the Kensington road? I've lost my bearing somehow, and don't know which way to steer."

"The first turning to the right and then straight on," said the pawnbroker, and the man, with a "Thank ye," plunged out into the dark again.

A ruddy man, tall and broad of breast, with glancing jet-black eyes, and hair that clustered in a mass of ringlets about his temples. A smile, too, that was all goodness. No false glitter in it, but pure gold.

Lily, in the glimpse that she caught of him, saw or thought she saw, that he had a kind heart, and also that he resembled her own lost lover. A thrill went through her, half of joy, half of sorrow, and she followed him out of the dismal shop with slow steps, and began to retrace her way to her own wretched den as best she might.

She had turned a corner, and was in the shadow of the blind wall of a church. Just before her stood two men, whispering to each other.

"He has money about him; I saw him changing some in the Three Woolpacks," said one.

"He's lost his way. There, the wrong way, by luck—just where we'll have him best."

And then, close against the wall, they hurried on. Lily followed them. Beyond, in the light of the corner lamp, she saw the seafaring man trudging through the mud. The next instant there was a cry, and three dark forms struggling together on the ground. Lily was a timid woman by nature; she never knew what inspired her with courage that night; but something did.

She rushed forward without a moment's hesitation and did without thought the best thing thinking could have told her to do.

"The policemen are coming!" she cried. "The policemen—save yourselves."

The words were not out of her mouth when one ruffian dashed away from his victim and rushed up the street, and the other, with what seemed a parting blow, followed his example."

The seafaring man lay prostrate where they left him. Lily, bending over him, saw blood tickling from his temple. She bound it quickly up with her handkerchief and tried her best to raise him.

"You are a blessed woman, whoever you are," he said, rising by her aid. "What made you brave enough to do that? They'd have killed me, not a doubt, and little Jennie would have cried her eyes out. You see it was two to one and a regular ambush. Well, heaven bless you. Is that your handkerchief? Tell me who you are. It's a lady's voice and a lady's hand. Tell me, won't you?"

"I'm only a poor woman," said Lily. "If I've done any good, I'm thankful. Are you strong again? You can walk, I see. You ought to have gone the other way. Good-by."

"But stop," he cried; "I——"

But Lily hurried on.

Not till she was in her own dark room did she discover that she had lost the money the pawnbroker had given her.

She crept into her poor bed and tried to drown her hunger in sleep, but the relief came tardily. She had been terribly excited by the scene in which she had taken part, and, moreover, the face and voice of the handsome sailor haunted her.

Jenny, who was Jenny? His wife, doubtless, his young wife, who waited somewhere for his coming. Oh, happy woman, to be so dear to any one; and lonely Lily Vane shed more of those hot tears that had mingled with the raindrops outside the pawnbroker's shop.

People do not starve so easily as they think they will, and, moreover, at the latest hour of the long, hungry day, the neighboring tailor's good-natured wife sent a piece of cake and cup of tea to the "lonesome little body in the next room," and Lily Vane lived and found some further means of earning bread, and dragged on her lonely life somehow until the winter ice was gone and spring revisited the earth.

It was in May—she never forgot the month—that she went sadly into an office where places were found for teachers, and teachers for places, and, hopeless of any great good coming to her, put some questions to the proprietor. Music? Yes, and no doubt she understood it very well. But there are so many teachers. However, would she give her name and address? If anything offered he would send her word.

"My name is Lily Vane," said Lily.

"An odd name," said the man. "How do you spell it?—Vain or Vane?"

And then a lady whom she had never seen—a plump, pretty woman, with black curls and blacker eyes—ran forward from a seat near the stove, and, with a smile at Lily, spelled it for her.

"Right?" she asked.

Lily, astonished, assented; she could do no more, for the name was not so very odd after all.

"And if you are Lily Vane," said the lady, "and if you will come with me, there's a permanent place for you, and two good little pupils who will love you dearly. Oh, don't say no! I've been looking for you for months, and I'm so glad I've found you!"

"Some of my old pupils, I suppose?" faltered Lily.

But at that the lady shook her head.

"No matter how I know you," she said; "only come."

And Lily was glad enough to take the sugar plum fate had dropped into her mouth without more questions. She was too weary, too worn, even to feel great astonishment. She had been a careful teacher, and some one had recommended her—that was all.

But when Lily Vane was actually installed in her new position—governess to the docile children, their mother her kindest friend, a pretty room at her service, books, music, pictures and pleasant company about her—she began to wonder about many things—most of all, why the black-eyed lady's face was so familiar to her, when she knew she had never before seen it. What was the secret, too—a kind one, surely—that they kept from her? Why were there so many smiles and dimples, and sly looks, especially when they spoke of Uncle Tom? Why, when certain letters came with great, red seals and strange postmarks, did the little lady catch Lily's face between her two small palms, and dance about her, and say:

"Oh, Lily Vane, I'm so glad I found you!"

There was a mystery in all this, but a very pleasant one.

So, summer passed, and autumn and winter came, and with it one of those red-sealed letters, which black-eyed Mrs. Anderson read more merrily than usual, and then cried out that Tom was coming home; and her husband, merry as she was herself, said something in an undertone; and the children, dancing with glee, called to the cook in the kitchen that Uncle Tom was coming home; and the cook came from the depths Idle, and all, and said:

"Bless my heart, is that true?"

And the little wife and mother ended all by dancing round Lily, and singing, half a dozen times:

"Oh, Lily Vane, how glad I am I found you!"

"And what had that to do with Uncle Tom's coming?" Lily Vane asked herself.

But finally the eventful day came; and Lily, with her best dress on—not the pale Lily of a year before, but rosy and comely—stood before the mirror in her own room, brushing her brown hair, when down below she heard a shout: "Tom's come! Tom has come!" and a bow-wow-wow from the dog, that said as plain as the voices did, "Tom has come!" And, why she did not know, the brush fell out of Lily's hands, and she began to tremble as before the dawning of some mystery, and not a step could she stir, but stood quite still, her heart beating fast and furious, when the door opened, and Mrs. Anderson rushed in and seized her about the waist, and pushed her and hustled her down the stairs and into the parlor, where under the gaslight, stood a man, black-haired, black-eyed, with a seafaring look about him, who turned and held out both hands toward her.

"It is your Lily Vane!" cried Mrs. Anderson.

And then he said, "It is my Lily Vane, and no one else!"

And Lily knew the man she had met and parted with a year before that night.

"She don't look like it, does she?" said the sailor. "A little craft like that to board the pirates and frighten them away from a great hulk like me; but she did it better than a troop of marines. And if she hadn't tied her handkerchief about my head, and if her name hadn't been on it, I'd never have known she was my Lily Vane, and you'd never have found her for me, Sister Jenny."

"But I found her," said Jenny Anderson. "I found your Lily Vane, and here she is."

And in a moment more the two were left alone together, Lily and Captain Tom.

So the wedding bells soon rang out a merry chime; and she who one year before had starved, body and heart alike, was the happiest woman the sun shone on.

Salmon Culture.

An interesting review of salmon fish conditions in this country is made in a report of the United States fish commisson on artificial propagation of salmon on the Pacific coast. The report says the Battle creek station of the California state commission may soon pass into the charge of the United States. This is the most extraordinary place for collecting quinnat-salmon eggs known. It is said 2,000,000 salmon eggs can be taken on Battle creek in six weeks of a favorable year.

Salmon are on the increase in the Sacramento and McCloud rivers. It was the intention of the commission to increase the salmon on the Atlantic coast by restocking its depleted salmon rivers. After millions of salmon eggs were safely transported to the Atlantic rivers no one doubted that salmon were going to become abundant again in the Atlantic rivers, and many believed that several southern rivers that had never had salmon in them before would now become prolific salmon streams. The result was a stupendous surprise and disappointment. The eggs hatched out, the young fry grew rapidly and were observed to go down in vast numbers to the sea. What became of them will remain forever a mystery. Some thought they wandered to the far north; others that they strayed out into the ocean and were devoured by marine animals and larger fish.

The report lays it down as no longer open to question that quinnat-salmon, at least those that spawn a long distance from the ocean, never return to it again alive. They all die on their spawning grounds.

Paid After Eighteen Years.

Mrs. Louisa Maibach was preparing breakfast in the kitchen of her saloon one morning recently, when the gasoline stove exploded and in a moment she was enveloped in flames. Her adopted son, Seth Grace, and the bar tender rushed in, dragging her to a place of safety and tore her burning clothes off. Old Captain Seth Grace, the boy's father, was badly burned in trying to put out the fire, which was made short work of when the chemical engine arrived. Mrs. Maibach was badly burned about the head and body, and was taken to the Pennsylvania hospital. The damage to the kitchen will not exceed $50.

A tinge of romance was given the accident by its relation to a similar explosion eighteen years ago. Captain Grace, then a young man but recently married, was living with his family on Cumberland street, when, on the night of Feb. 2, 1878, an oil stove exploded while his mother-in-law, Mrs. Baker, was trimming it. The captain succeeded in getting her out, but she died of her injuries. The house was also burned to the ground, and the captain and his wife were given shelter by Mrs. Maibach, a neighbor. Subsequently, when their baby boy was born and the mother died, Mrs. Maibach took charge of the little Seth, while the father continued his career at sea. The service rendered by Captain Grace and his son to their benefactress came as a fitting return to her great kindness of eighteen years ago.—Philadelphia Record.

Queer Conduct of a Tree.

An unusual incident occurred in the timber near Fossil, Ore., the other day. Beaber and French sawed through a tree measuring thirteen feet in circumference, and though they sawed until the teeth of the saw came through on the opposite side, though the tree top was free from all support, though they pried and chopped wondered and talked, still that tree stood there, and still the saw remained pinched in so tightly that it could not be moved. At last they were obliged to go home, leaving the tree standing on its stump. Next day the tree was down. It had apparently sprung or slid from the stump, striking perpendicularly in the sandy soil at first, making a hole five feet deep and as far across.—Spokane Spokesman-Review.

Some Frightened Rats.

The janitor of the Public Safety building in Pittsburg has a novel plan for ridding buildings of rats. One day some time ago he caught a big rat and decided to "bell" it. He fastened a bell to its tail securely with a wire and then turned it loose. Then there was commotion in the rat kingdom. Swarms of rats chased through the apertures to get away from the "bell-ringer," who was never able to catch up to them. He was a big fat rat, and was at a disadvantage because of his weight. At all events the rats left the building, chased away by the one which had the bell. One day he was found dead, emaciated, of course, but with the bell still on his tail.

NEW GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF CANADA

The Duke of Leeds Will Succeed Lord Aberdeen at Ottawa.

The Duke of Leeds, who will succeed Lord Aberdeen in June as Governor-General of Canada, assumed the title and the estate of the family about a year ago on the death of his father, the ninth Duke. The present Duke's name is George Godolphin Osborn, and is a second son. His elder brother died in 1861. The future Governor-General is only thirty-four years old, but has already won a prominent name for himself in politics. He has been in Parliament, where he sat for Lambeth. He was formerly honored with post of Treasurer of the Household, which he gave up, according to custom, when he retired from Parliament. In 1884 he married

DUKE OF LEEDS.
(He is to succeed Lord Aberdeen in Canada.

Lady Katherine Francis Lambeth, a daughter of the second Earl of Durham, and they have four pretty little girls. The Duke, when he was in Parliament as the Marquis of Carmarthen, was the youngest member in the Commons, and the youngest looking until he grew a beard. The Duke is a popular member of the House of Lords, and his elevation to the distinguished position of Governor-General of Canada is not much of a surprise to those who know the inside workings of the Government.

A WET SPRING.

Crops Have Been Seriously Delayed by Rains.

The Weather Bureau, Washington, has resumed publication of its weather crop bulletins. In a review of crop conditions during the month of March it says: "Farming operations have been retarded by wet weather in the States of the central valleys, and the season is somewhat backward generally. Some corn has been planted as far north as Tennessee and the southern portions of Missouri and Kansas. Farther south greater progress has been made, planting in Texas and northern Louisiana being about complete, and in Alabama, Mississippi and Texas the early planted crop is up.

"Cotton planting in Texas has progressed favorably, and some has been planted in South Carolina, but in other States of the cotton belt practically no planting had been done up to the close of the month. In Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Oklahoma preparations for seeding are in progress.

"Winter wheat is reported winter-killed to some extent in Missouri, Iowa, Illinois, Indiana and Wisconsin, and while the crop has sustained injury in Ohio, the outlook in that State is reported as not discouraging. The early sown in Kansas is excellent, and in Oklahoma, Arkansas and Texas the crop is reported as promising. In Michigan and Indiana the crop has been damaged by floods. Spring wheat is doing well in Kansas, and preparations for increased acreage are in progress in Iowa. In the Dakotas and Minnesota preparations for seeding have not yet begun."

BANK LOOTED AT MIDDAY.

It Was at Yonkers, N. Y., and a Very Clever Piece of Work.

The Yonkers Savings Bank, one of the oldest institutions in the city of Yonkers, N. Y., was entered at noon Monday by robbers, one of whom held up the aged cashier with a revolver, and, after taking $4120.45 out of the cash drawer, succeeded in making his escape.

The bank is situated in the busiest part of the city, only two blocks from Police Headquarters. The theft was one of the coolest and most daring that have ever been attempted in the vicinity of New York.

Cashier Cobb, aged seventy-five, was alone in the bank at noon. A well-dressed man entered, attracted his attention by talk about business, and gradually drew him away from his desk and out of sight of the door.

A man slipped in and took the contents of the eashier's drawer, $4400. When Mr. Cobb got back to his desk this man covered him with a revolver, concealed his features behind the bills he had stolen, backed out and got away before the gentle Mr. Cobb had recovered his wits. There is no trace of the robbers and no clue to their identity.

GREEKS TAKE KRANIA.

Turks Lose an Important Strategic Point in Macedonia.

The Greek insurgents have captured Krania, an important strategic point about fifteen miles northwest of Elassona, the general headquarters of the Turkish army. They pursued the defeated Turks to Cipria, only two hours' travel from Grevena.

The victory followed the occupying of Baltino, a frontier town of Macedonia, west of Elassona, to prevent the Turkish troops from advancing in that direction.

The Turkish garrison at Baltino, numbering 800, was surrounded and besieged. The Turks finally succeeded on the fourth attempt in cutting their way through the insurgent lines, losing thirty men in the dash. The fighting was stubborn.

Havoc Wrought by Floods.

A conservative estimate of the havoc wrought by the Mississippi floods places the loss of life at 200, the number of those made homeless at 150,000, and the damage to property at more than $100,000,000.

Snowslide Kills Three Miners.

A snowslide occurred at the Corinth Mine, in the Slocan, British Columbia, killing three men and carrying away the head of the aerial tramway recently erected there.

Eagles in Connecticut.

It costs a $25 fine to kill an eagle in the State of Connecticut, and eagles, accordingly, seemed to have moved on Connecticut as a safe camping ground. The Legislature is now being exhorted by the farmers to put a bounty on the killer of eagles instead of fining the killer.

Minor Mention.

There are 2,000,000 dogs on the British Isles.

The great plague of India is decreasing in violence.

Georgia has adopted a new State flag.

There are 691 posts in the Germany consular service.

Turkey wants to borrow $1,000,000 to invest in cannon.

California oranges are bringing $1 apiece at Circle City, Alaska.

Mr. Duncan, a white trader, was killed and eaten by natives of the New Hebrides.

It is said in New England that Bath, Me., has more smokers than any other town of similar size in that country.

Miss Serena Rhinelander, of New York City, has given property valued at $500,000 to St. James' Protestant Episcopal Church.

The measure providing for a tax for a free library building in St. Louis, Mo., received 17,000 less than the necessary two-thirds vote in the late election.

Schrader, the so-called "Divine" healer, left Providence, R. I., when warned that he might be arrested should he practice medicine without a license.

A ring recently exhibited at Antwerp, Belgium, was the admiration of diamond-cutters and merchants, because it was the first successful attempt to cut a ring out of a single stone.

Harry Zimmerman, of Snydersburg, Md., shot and captured without doing it any serious injury a gray eagle which measures three feet from beak to tail and seven feet three inches across the wings.

A ball will be given by the Benchers of Gray's Inn, London, in the great hall of the inn to celebrate Queen Victoria's anniversary. The last ball held there was 300 years ago, when Queen Elizabeth danced.

A Loyal Servant.

In spite of the inherent capacity for treachery and deceit we are accustomed to associate with the natives of India, one comes across wonderful and touching evidences of loyalty and devotion. Witness the devotion and faithfulness of our Goorka regiments during the terrible mutiny, and the thrilling stories of wonderful escapes entirely due to the loyalty of personal servants.

The following true incident happened lately in Madras: An Indian colonel had a "boy" for eighteen years. Having to go home on a furlough, he pensioned him and let him return to his family, to do nothing for the rest of his life. Returning to Madras, he was informed by a brother officer that his "boy" was as fit as ever, and only too anxious to return to duty. Almost before it seemed that a letter could have time to reach him, the "boy" was back in his accustomed place.

For two years he waited on his master as of yore, though his hair was silvered and his back bent. One day the colonel returned from parade, and had his wants supplied as usual. His servants, on leaving him, salaamed low, remarking, "Should the sahib want anything more and call, his faithful slave will hear. He berry tired—sleep." When the "sahib" called there was no answer. They found him curled on his mat. He had lain down—"tired." He would never be "tired" again. Uncomplainingly he had followed his sahib. Long marches, want of food, sickness and privation had never aroused a complaint. When death came he lay down without a murmur.—The Gentlewoman.

Action of Continuous Rails.

Continuous rails, made up of ordinary rail lengths, welded together electrically, are in use on many miles of electric street railways in the United States, and with excellent results, too, having shown themselves to constitute an ideal track. Whatever misgivings may have arisen at one time as to the serious pranks which expansion and contraction might play with such continuous tracks, have been effectively allayed, as experience has shown that the difficulties likely to grow from these causes are not extraordinary. It is interesting, however, to note that of the troubles from temperature variations in the track, that due to a temperature lower than the one at which the rails were welded is the only one requiring serious consideration. It is found in the tendency of the rail to shrink in a longitudinal direction and this must be counteracted by a pull on the ends of the rail sufficient to produce a corresponding amount of stretch. Temperatures above that at which the rails were welded, cause compression, and this has never been found to make trouble where the track was at all secured by the roadbed.

Burial in Switzerland.

There is at least one country in the world where it costs nothing to die. In some of the cantons of Switzerland all the dead, rich as well as poor, are buried at the public expense. Coffins and all other necessary articles are furnished on application to certain undertakers designated by the Government. Everything connected with the interment is absolutely gratuitous.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Over 400,000 cured. Why not let No-To-Bac regulate or remove your desire for tobacco? Saves money, makes health and manhood. Cure guaranteed. 50 cents and $1.00, at all druggists.

The Sultan of Zanzibar has issued a decree abolishing slavery.

There is a Class of People

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called Grain-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over one-quarter as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15 cts. and 25 cts. per package. Try it. Ask for Grain-O.

Catarrh Cannot be Cured

With local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surface. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Fits permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa

Just try a 10c. box of Cascarets, the finest liver and bowel regulator ever made.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an A No. 1 Asthma medicine.—W. R. WILLIAMS, Antioch, Ills., April 11, 1894.

When bilious or costive, eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic; cure guaranteed; 10c., 25c.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c. per bottle.

FIBROID TUMOR

Expelled by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Interview With Mrs. B. A. Lombard.

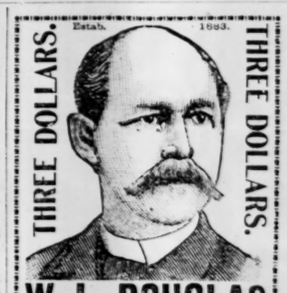
I have reason to think that I would not be here now if it had not been for Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It cured me of a fibroid tumor in my womb.

Doctors could do nothing for me, and they could not cure me at the hospital. I will tell you about it:

I had been in my usual health, but had worked quite hard. When my monthly period came on, I flowed very badly. The doctor gave me medicine, but it did me no good. He said the flow must be stopped if possible, and he must find the cause of my trouble.

Upon examination, he found there was a Fibroid Tumor in my womb, and gave me treatment without any benefit whatever. About that time a lady called on me, and recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, said he owed her life to it. I said I would try it, and did. Soon after the flow became more natural and regular I still continued taking the Compound for some time. Then the doctor made an examination again, and found everything all right. The tumor had passed away and that dull ache was gone.—MRS. B. A. LOMBARD, Box 71, Westdale, Mass.

AGENTS. We want one agent in this County to sell to families. Best paying article on earth. We pay all expense. Address GLYZA CHEM. CO., Washington, D. C.



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE ..BEST.. IN THE WORLD

For 14 years this shoe, by merit alone, has distanced all competitors.

Indorsed by over 1,000,000 wearers as the best in style, fit and durability of any shoe ever offered at $3.00.

It is made in all the LATEST SHAPES and STYLES and of every variety of leather.

One dealer in a town given exclusive sale and advertised in local paper on receipt of reasonable order. If Write for catalogue to W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

What He Says.

DENMARK WORK CO., MINN.
Feb. 26th, 1897.

I have had a Jones 1200 lbs. Scale in use for over 26 years; they are as good now as when I first got them. JOHN BUETOW.

TO JONES OF BINGHAMTON
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

ELECTRIC IN EFFECT Cutler's Pshaline CURES and restores the sense of TASTE, SMELL and HEARING. ... SLOW. W. H. SMITH & CO., Buffalo, N. Y., Props.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets CURE CONSTIPATION

REGULATE THE LIVER

10¢ 25¢ 50¢ ALL DRUGGISTS

ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED to cure any case of constipation. Cascarets are the Ideal Laxative, never grip or gripe, but cause easy natural results. Sample and booklet free. Ad. STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago, Montreal, Can., or New York. 215

REASONS FOR USING

Walter Baker & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa.

1. Because it is absolutely pure.
2. Because it is not made by the so-called Dutch Process in which chemicals are used.
3. Because beans of the finest quality are used.
4. Because it is made by a method which preserves unimpaired the exquisite natural flavor and odor of the beans.
5. Because it is the most economical, costing less than one cent a cup.

Be sure that you get the genuine article made by WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd., Dorchester, Mass. Established 1780.

See Them

When you are talking Bicycles, don't be content until you have seen the new

Lovell Diamond Models of '97

They are the top notch of bicycle engineering, and science must now seek to develop other fields. The perfect point of PERFECTION is reached only by the Lovell Wheels. On this fact critics agree. Why not look them over carefully, study their strong points and note their beauty and elegant finish. Their points of superiority are so simple a child can understand them. We stake our business reputation of over 55 years that there was never so perfect a wheel made. It leads them all. Investigate and you will ride no other. Please call and examine, at our local agencies, or at our stores, 147 Washington and 131 Broad St., Boston.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE Mailed Upon Application.

None Genuine Without The Above Name-Plate.

John P. Lovell Arms Co.

BOSTON, MASS.

A list of Bargains in Second-hand Wheels mailed on application.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS

but have sold direct to the consumer for 24 years, at wholesale prices, saving them the dealers' profits. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. 100 styles of Carriages, Sets of Harness, Top Buggies as low as $35. Phaetons as low as $50. Spring Wagons, Road Wagons, etc. Send for large, free Catalogue.

No. 3754. Surrey Harness—Price $15.00. As good as sells for $22.00.

No. 606. Surrey—Price with curtains, lamps, cushion, shade, apron and fenders, $90. As good as sells for $60.

ELKHART CARRIAGE AND HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. PRATT, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

H. W. JOHNS' ASBESTOS LIQUID PAINTS

THE STANDARD PAINT FOR STRUCTURAL PURPOSES.

Pamphlet, "Suggestions for Exterior Decoration," Sample Card and Descriptive Price List free by mail.

Asbestos Roofing, Building Felt, Steam Packing, Boiler Coverings, Fire-Proof Paints, Etc. Asbestos Non-Conducting and Electrical Insulating Materials.

H. W. JOHNS MANUFACTURING CO., 87 Maiden Lane, New York.

CHICAGO: 240 & 242 Randolph St. PHILADELPHIA: 170 & 172 North 4th St. BOSTON: 77 & 79 Pearl St.

HALL'S Vegetable Sicilian HAIR RENEWER

Beautifies and restores Gray Hair to its original color and vitality; prevents baldness; cures itching and dandruff. A fine hair dressing.

R. P. Hall & Co., Props., Nashua, N. H. Sold by all Druggists.

"A Good Tale Will Bear Telling Twice." Use Sapolio! Use SAPOLIO

FULL of HEALTH

Every ingredient in Hires Rootbeer is health giving. The blood is improved, the nerves soothed, the stomach benefited by this delicious beverage.

HIRES Rootbeer

Quenches the thirst, tickles the palate; full of snap, sparkle and effervescence. A temperance drink for everybody.

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A package makes five gallons.

ADVERTISING IN THIS PAPER PAYS. NYNU—15.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

Strongest Bicycles IN THE WORLD.

1897 Columbia Bicycles are made of 5 per cent. Nickel Steel Tubing. We control the entire production of this tubing and use it exclusively in

Columbia Bicycles $100 TO ALL ALIKE

STANDARD OF THE WORLD.

HARTFORDS, $75, $60, $50, $45

SECOND ONLY TO COLUMBIAS.

POPE MFG. CO., Hartford, Conn.

Catalogue free from Columbia dealers. By mail for one 2 cent stamp.

COMPLETE MODEL OF THE GREAT COLUMBIA FACTORIES, lithographed in colors, ready to be cut out and built up, affording unlimited amusement and instruction to old and young, sent by mail on receipt of five 2-cent stamps.